

2001 TEXAS STATE CERTAMEN -- ROUND ONE, LOWER LEVEL

- TU: #1 Using one word, translate “He didn’t know” into Latin for the sentence, “He didn’t know what things I had seen”. **NESCĪVIT, NESCIĒBAT / IGNŌVIT, IGNŌRĀBAT**
- B1: Translate into Latin “I had seen” for that sentence.
VĪDISSEM / CREVISSEM / SPECTĀVISSEM
- B2: Make **vīdissem** imperfect. **VIDĒREM / CERNEREM / SPECTĀREM**
- TU: #2 Who was first to leap from the ships when the Greeks landed at Troy? **PROTESILAUS**
- B1: Who killed Protesilaus? **HECTOR**
- B2: Who was the grieving widow of Protesilaus? **LAODAMEIA**
- TU: #3 **Quid significat “caput”?** **HEAD, TOP, LIFE, SOURCE, CHIEF**
- B1: **Quid significat “carcer”?** **PRISON, JAIL, CELL**
- B2: **Quid significat “carmen”?** **SONG, POEM, PROPHECY**
- TU: #4 What cases are most commonly used after the adjective **plēnus**? **GENITIVE and ABLATIVE**
- B1: What case follows **cupidus**? **GENITIVE**
- B2: What case is most commonly used after the adjective **frētus**? **ABLATIVE**
- TU: #5 In Greek mythology, who was the killer of Deioneus and therefore the first mortal to commit murder? **IXION**
- B1: What sinner set fire to Apollo's shrine at Delphi? **PHLEGYAS**
- B2: Who was killed for attempting to rape Leto? **TITYUS**
- TU: #6 Which emperor celebrated Rome's 1000th birthday? **PHILIP THE ARAB**
- B1: Against what group did the emperor, Decius, begin a campaign of heavy persecution? **CHRISTIANS**
- B2: What emperor was called "**Restitutor Orbis**" because of his work quelling rebellions in the empire? **AURELIAN**
- TU: #7 Listen carefully to this passage about Mark Antony which I will read twice. Then answer in English the question that follows.
Antōnius, pāce factā ab Ōctāviānō per tōtam Ītaliām, ad Aegyptum profectus, magnō amōre Cleopatrae rēginae incēsus est. Ipse quod grātissimus rēginae esse cupiebat, mōribus Rōmānīs relictīs, barbarē sē gerēbat.
- Who had established peace? **OCTAVIAN**
- B1: Why was Antony going to Egypt? **BURNING WITH LOVE FOR CLEOPATRA**
- B2: Why had Antony abandoned Roman customs?
BECAUSE HE DESIRED TO BE MOST PLEASING TO THE QUEEN
- TU: #8 Give the Latin root and its meaning from which we derive the English word "diary". **DIES -DAY**
- B1: Do the same for "aviary". **AVIS - BIRD**
- B2: Do the same for "apiary". **APIS (or APES) - BEE**
- TU: #9 Who was the original builder of the Pantheon? **(M. VIPSANIUS) AGRIPPA**
- B1: Who rebuilt the Pantheon in the second century? **HADRIAN**
- B2: Who ordered the construction of the Ara Pacis? **AUGUSTUS**

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- TU: #10 For the verb **fero, ferre** give the 3rd person singular, present, active, indicative. **FERT**
 B1: Make **fert** future. **FERET**
 B2: Make **feret** present subjunctive. **FERAT**
- TU: #11 What was the Latin term for uninvited guests at a Roman dinner party? **UMBRAE / PERSONAE NON GRATAE**
 B1: Where were such guests usually seated? **THE FLOOR**
 B2: How many places for guests were there at a typical dining party? **NINE**
- TU: #12 What great thief was once caught stealing cattle by Sisyphus? **AUTOLYCUS**
 B1: How did Sisyphus catch Autolyclus? **BRANDED THE HOOVES OF HIS CATTLE**
 B2: What two brothers tried to steal Augeas' gold by building a secret door into his treasury? **TROPHONIUS AND AGAMEDES**
- TU: #13 What derivative of the Latin word for "bad or evil" means "the desire to harm others"? **MALICE**
 B1: . . . means "a dissatisfied person"? **MALCONTENT**
 B2: . . . means "personal hatred"? **MALEVOLENCE**
- TU: #14 What commonly used modern phrase is Latin for "my fault"? **MEA CULPA**
 B1: What commonly used modern phrase is Latin for "a great work"? **MAGNUM OPUS**
 B2: Say in Latin "literally". **LITTERATIM, AD VERBUM, VERBATIM**
- TU: #15 What first century AD Roman emperor celebrated a triumph after having conquered Jerusalem? **TITUS**
 B1: Which general completed the conquest for Titus, winning the siege of Masada? **FLAVIUS SILVA**
 B2: What second century AD Roman emperor also put down a Jewish revolt? **HADRIAN**
- TU: #16 Translate the relative pronoun into Latin for the following sentence: "Those are the girls whom we love." **QUĀS**
 B1: ... "Those are the boys whose books we are reading." **QUŌRUM**
 B2: ... "Those are the teachers whom you obey." **QUIBUS**
- TU: #17 Give the dative plural of **prior amīcus**. **PRIŌRIBUS AMĪCĪS**
 B1: Give the genitive singular of **senātus sōlus**. **SENĀTŪS SŌLĪUS**
 B2: Give the accusative plural of **donum ūtilius**. **DONA ŪTILIŌRA**
- TU: #18 What centaur's poisoned blood caused the death of Heracles? **NESSUS**
 B1: Who smeared Nessus's blood on the robe of Heracles? **DEJANIRA**
 B2: Who carried the robe to Heracles? **LICHAS**
- TU: #19 What fourth century AD Roman emperor attempted to return the state to paganism? **JULIAN THE APOSTATE**
 B1: Which was not an heir of Constantine? Constantine II, Constans, Constantius Chlorus? **CONSTANTIUS CHLORUS**
 B2: What emperor briefly reunited the eastern and western empires before his death in 395 AD? **THEODOSIUS (I, THE GREAT)**

2001 TEXAS STATE CERTAMEN -- ROUND TWO, LOWER LEVEL

TU: #1	Differentiate in meaning among pōns , pontus , and pondus .	PŌNS - BRIDGE PONTUS - SEA PONDUS - WEIGHT
B1:	Differentiate in meaning among moneō and maneō .	MONEŌ - WARN MANEŌ - REMAIN
B2:	Differentiate in meaning among iaciō and iaceō .	IACIŌ - THROW IACEŌ - LIE
TU: #2	What Phaeacian king saw to it that Odysseus safely reached Ithaca?	ALCINOUS
B1:	Who was the daughter of Alcinous, who discovered Odysseus on the beach?	NAUSICAA
B2:	What was the fate of Alcinous's ships after Odysseus disembarked in Ithaca?	TURNED TO STONE BY POSEIDON
TU: #3	In the sentence, "The fighting soldiers defeated the enemy." say "fighting".	PUGNĀNTĒS
B1:	Now translate "fighting" in "Fighting is bad".	PUGNĀRE
B2:	In "Fighting is bad." say "bad".	MALUM
TU: #4	Who produced a tapestry which told her sister of a rape by Tereus?	PHILOMELA
B1:	Who was Philomela's sister?	PROCNE
B2:	Who was the son of Tereus, whom the sisters cooked and served to him as a punishment?	ITYS
TU: #5	What Roman emperor made an extended campaign to calm the land of Dacia?	TRAJAN
B1:	What Roman emperor defeated the uprising of the Marcomanni?	M. AURELIUS
B2:	What emperor briefly added Armenia to the Roman empire?	TRAJAN
TU: #6	What Latin verb with what meaning lies at the root of both "orifice" and "ossify"?	FACIŌ , -ERE - MAKE, DO
B1:	What Latin noun with what meaning lies at the root of "orifice"?	ŌS - MOUTH
B2:	What Latin noun with what meaning lies at the root of "ossify"?	OS - BONE
TU: #7	Which of the following nouns is neuter: servus , corpus , mūrus , nurus ?	CORPUS
B1:	Which of the following verbs is deponent: amor , pōnor , moror , capior ?	MOROR
B2:	Which of the following is semi-deponent: maneō , moneō , gaudeō , noceō ?	GAUDEŌ
TU: # 8	What war did Rome fight as a result of refusing to grant full Roman citizenship to her Italian allies?	SOCIAL or MARSIC
B1:	What war was in part the result of Cato ending every speech with Carthāgō dēlenda est ?	THIRD PUNIC
B2:	What war did the Romans fight as a result a dispute among the heirs of the Numidian king Massinissa?	WAR AGAINST JUGURTHA
TU: #9	For the verb mūnīre , give the perfect passive infinitive.	MŪNĪTUS (-A, -UM) ESSE
B1:	For mūnīre , give the future active infinitive.	MŪNĪTŪRUS (-A, -UM) ESSE
B2:	Change mūnītūrus esse to the perfect.	MŪNĪVISSE

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- TU: #10 Who was the last western Roman emperor to be recognized by the east? ROMULUS AUGUSTULUS
- B1: Who deposed Romulus Augustulus, thus becoming the effective king of Italy? ODO(V)ACER
- B2: Where had Romulus Augustulus's capital been located? RAVENNA
- TU: #11 What son of Poseidon and Tyro usurped the throne of Iolcus from Aeson? PELIAS
- B1: What was the eventual fate of Pelias? MEDEA TRICKED HIS DAUGHTERS INTO CUTTING HIM UP AND BOILING HIM, THINKING IT WOULD MAKE HIM YOUNG/WELL
- B2: Who assumed the throne of Iolcus after expelling Jason and Medea? ACASTUS
- TU: #12 Listen carefully to the following passage, which I will read twice. Then answer in Latin the question that follows:
"In Forō Rōmānō, Flāvia ēmit ūnam cānem, duōs piscēs, et trēs librōs. Cum domum suam ambulāret, librōs in viā āmisit. Ad Forum rediit ut eōs inveniret."
- Quō ambulābat Flavia cum librōs in viā amitteret? DOMUM (SUAM)**
- B1: **Quot rēs ēmit Flavia in Forō Rōmānō? SEX (RĒS)**
- B2: **Cūr rediit Flavia ad Forum? UT LIBRŌS INVENĪRET / (QUIA / QUOD) ĀMĪSIT LIBRŌS**
- TU: #13 What English derivative of the Latin verb for “feel or perceive” means “capable of perception”? SENTIENT
- B1: . . . means “a generalized emotional attitude”? SENTIMENT
- B2: . . . means “easily affected through the senses”? SENSUOUS
- TU: #14 What type of event was a “**convīvium**”? AN AFTER-DINNER / DRINKING PARTY
- B1: What was another Latin word for an after-dinner party that was originally derived from Greek? SYMPOSIUM
- B2: What was the Latin term for the person who was in charge of mixing the wine with water at a drinking party? RĒX / MAGISTER / ARBITER BIBENDĪ
- TU: #15 Using the verb **eō, īre**, say “they are going”. EUNT
- B1: Say “they were going”. ĪBANT
- B2: Say “they will go”. ĪBUNT
- TU: #16 What goddess blinded Tiresias when he accidentally saw her naked? ATHENA
- B1: Why did Zeus and Hera consult Tiresias to resolve a dispute over which gender was better? TIRESIAS HAD BEEN BOTH (changed genders twice when seeing snakes mating)
- B2: What spring was the site of Tiresias's death? TILPHUSA / TELEPHASSA
- TU: #17 In Latin, say “in vain” FRŪSTRĀ, NĒQUĪQUAM, INCASSUM, INĀNITER
- B1: Define **omninō**. COMPLETELY, IN ALL
- B2: Define **ferē decem**. NEARLY TEN

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- TU: #18 Choose the word from the following list that is most nearly opposite of “**plēnus**”:
fortis, lēnis, vacuus, levis? **VACUUS**
- B1: Choose the word that is most nearly opposite of “**ingēns**”: **vetus, bonus, stultus, parvus.**
PARVUS
- B2: Choose the word that is most nearly opposite of “**sapiēns**”:
supplex, improbus, stultus, superbus **STULTUS**
- TU: #19 During which emperor’s reign did the famous ancient eruption of Mt Vesuvius occur? **TITUS**
- B1: What famous Roman admiral, stationed at Misenum, died of asphyxiation from breathing the volcano's toxic fumes? **PLINY THE ELDER**
- B2: Name a town other than Pompeii and Herculaneum destroyed by the eruption of Vesuvius?
STABIAE
- TU: #20 What daughter of Peneus was pursued by Apollo and became a laurel tree? **DAPHNE**
- B1: What daughter of Evenus chose a mortal as her lover over Apollo? **MARPESSA**
- B2: What Spartan youth was loved by Apollo and was killed in a discus accident? **HYACINTHUS**

2001 TEXAS STATE CERTAMEN -- FINALS, LOWER LEVEL

- TU: #9 Give the Latin verb root and its meaning for “appear”.
 (AP)PĀREŌ (-ĒRE) - APPEAR, BECOME EVIDENT, OBEY
- B1: Do the same for the word "parent". PARIŌ (-ERE) - BRING FORTH, BEAR
- B2: Do the same for the word "appall".
 PALLEŌ (-ĒRE) - BE PALE (If **pallēscō** is given, they should take it back to **pallō**)
- TU: #10 Give the accusative plural of **vīlla ingēns**. VĪLLĀS INGENTĒS
- B1: Give the ablative singular of **manus dexter**. MANŪ DEXTRĀ
- B2: Give the dative plural of **duae deae**. DUĀBUS DEĀBUS
- TU: #11 What two characters in mythology served as cupbearers for the gods? HEBE & GANYMEDE(S)
- B1: After Zeus snatched Ganymedes away to serve the gods on Olympus, who went to Ganymedes’ father to inform him of the honor bestowed upon the youth? HERMES
- B2: What gift was given to Ganymede’s father as recompense? A PAIR OF IMMORTAL MARES and/or A GOLDEN (GRAPE)VINE FASHIONED BY HEPHAESTUS
- TU: #12 What emperor built the Forum Transitorium during his short reign? NERVA
- B1: What emperor built the temple of Venus and Rome? HADRIAN
- B2: Who was the wife of Antoninus Pius, with whom he shared the name of a temple? FAUSTINA
- TU: #13 What do the following words have grammatically in common: **hūmī, rūrī, Rōmae, domī**.
 LOCATIVE
- B1: Using a locative say in Latin “at Pompeii” POMPEIĪS
- B2: Say in Latin “to Athens” ATHĒNĀS
- TU: #14 What Pontic king’s policy of expansion in Asia Minor and Greece caused Rome to send an army against him in 88 B.C.? MITHRIDATES (VI)
- B1: What Roman commander defeated Mithridates at Chaeronea and Orchomenus in 84 B.C.? (LUCIUS CORNELIUS) SULLA
- B2: What political rival of Sulla was elected to his seventh consulship for the same year?C. MARIUS
- TU: #15 What is the difference in meaning between **ingenium** and **ingēns**. TALENT // HUGE
- B1: . . . between **quisquam** and **quisque**. ANYONE // EACH ONE
- B2: . . . between **iūrō** and **iuvō**. SWEAR, PLEDGE // HELP
- TU: #16 What son of Hermes and Herse brought the hound, Laelaps, to the aid of Amphitryon? CEPHALUS
- B1: Who was the wife of Cephalus? PROCRIS
- B2: Who had given Laelaps to Procris to thank her for curing a personal problem? MINOS
- TU: #17 What was the term for a large country estate held by wealthy Romans?
 LĀTIFUNDIUM (or -A) (If **FUNDUS** is given, they should be more specific)
- B1: What was the term for the head slave who ran the **lātifundia** while the master was away? VĪLICUS
- B2: What was the term for the tenant-farmers, similar to today's sharecroppers? COLŌNĪ

2001 TEXAS STATE CERTAMEN -- FINALS, LOWER LEVEL

TU: #18 Listen carefully to the following passage, which I will read twice. Then answer in Latin the question that follows:

**"Ōlim pīrātae trāns mare nāvigābant. Praedam multam
ā Rōmānīs cēperant, et nunc domum prōcēdēbant. Subitō tam magna
tempestās erat ut omnēs dē vītīs suīs dēsperārent. Mox sōl rediit, et pīrātae
domum nāvigāvērunt."** (repeat)

B1: **Dē quibus dēsperābant nautae?** **DĒ VĪTĪS SUĪS**
Fabulā perfectā, quō nautae īverunt? **DOMUM**
B2: **Quid faciēbant pīrātae cum tempestās esset?** **(TRĀNS MARE) NĀVIGĀBANT.**

TU: #19 Listen to the following Latin instructions. When recognized by the moderator, follow them.

Vibrā manum dextram et rogā Anglicē ubi sit latrīna.

STUDENT SHOULD WAVE HIS RIGHT HAND AND ASK WHERE THE BATHROOM IS
Omnēs, manibus iunctīs, cantāte

ALL STUDENTS SHOULD JOIN HANDS AND SING

Pone manūs super caput et dīc mihi Anglicē cūr tū barbam numquam habuerīs.

ONE STUDENT SHOULD PLACE HIS HANDS ABOVE HIS
HEAD AND TELL THE MODERATOR WHY HE NEVER HAS HAD A BEARD.

TU: #20 According to Homer, which of the horses of Achilles was given the power of speech? XANTHUS
B1: Who gave this power to Xanthus? HERA
B2: Why? TO WARN ACHILLES OF HIS IMPENDING DEATH

2001 TEXAS STATE CERTAMEN -- EXTRA QUESTIONS, LOWER LEVEL

LANGUAGE

- TU: For **malō**, **malle**, give the 2nd person plural present active indicative. **MAVULTIS**
 B1: Make **mavultis** subjunctive. **MALITIS**
 B2: Make **malitis** perfect. **MALUERITIS**
- TU: Translate into Latin "He used to fear violence"
. TIMĒBAT (VERĒBĀTUR) VIM (VIOLENTIAM , IMPETUM)
- B1: Responde Latine, "In quā cellā Rōmānī dormiēbant?" **IN CUBICULŌ**
 B2: Responde Latine. "In quā cellā Rōmānī coquēbant?" **IN CULINĀ**
- TU: Translate "**Tria mīlia passuum ambulet**". **LET HIM WALK THREE MILES**
 B1: Translate "**Scīmus quis vēnerit**". **WE KNOW WHO CAME**
 B2: Translate "**Num in Italiā hiemant?**" **THEY AREN'T WINTERING IN ITALY, ARE THEY?**
- TU: In the sentence, "They went by a short journey", say "a short journey". **BREVĪ ITINERE**
 B1: Say "by a shorter journey". **BREVIŌRE ITINERE**
 B2: Say "by the shortest possible journey". **QUAM BREVISSIMŌ ITINERE**
- TU: What type of accusative is found in "**somnium somniāre**"? **COGNATE ACCUSATIVE**
 B1: What type of genitive is found in "**flumen lactis**"? **MATERIAL OR SUBSTANCE**
 B2: What type of genitive is found in "**fuga vestri**"? **SUBJECTIVE**
- TU: In the sentence I will read, a word is derived from the name of a deity. Give the name of the deity and the meaning of the English word. Here is the sentence: "The bird was conspicuous by its iridescent plumage." **IRIS - RAINBOW LIKE COLORS, MANY SHINING COLORS**
 B1: Do the same in this sentence: "The band played a medley of Martial melodies." **MARS - PERTAINING TO WAR**
 B2: Do the same here: "The joyial man was always surrounded by friends." **JUPITER - CHEERFUL**
- TU: Give the Latin verb with its English meaning at the root of the English words "transaction" and "agent". **AGŌ - DO, DRIVE, LIVE, SPEND, DISCUSS**
 B1: Give another Latin word which means "do". **FACIŌ / GERŌ/ EFFICIŌ**
 B2: What derivative of "**gerō**" means 'inclined or eager to fight'? **BELLIGERENT**

MYTHOLOGY

- TU: Name in order the 4 ages of man according to Ovid. **GOLD, SILVER, BRONZE, IRON**
 What 5th age was included by Hesiod? **THE AGE OF HEROES (or DEMIGODS)**
 According to Hesiod, who was the ruler of the universe during the Golden Age? **CRONUS**
- TU: What nymph was changed into a laurel tree to avoid the love of Apollo? **DAPHNE**
 Who was the father of Daphne? **PENEUS**
 Who had caused Apollo to fall in love with Daphne? **EROS / CUPID**

2001 TEXAS STATE CERTAMEN -- EXTRA QUESTIONS, LOWER LEVEL

- TU: What shrewd Titan stole fire for mankind? PROMETHEUS
 What does the name "Prometheus" mean? FORETHOUGHT
 What Titan was the father of Prometheus? IAPETUS
- TU: What nymph wasted away for love of Narcissus? ECHO
 What goddess of vengeance made sure Narcissus got the punishment he deserved? NEMESIS
 What woodland god had been unsuccessfully pursuing Echo before she fell in love with Narcissus? PAN
- TU: What monster plagued the city of Thebes but was eventually outsmarted by Oedipus? SPHINX
 Describe the Sphinx. LION'S BODY WITH A WOMAN'S FACE
 What was Oedipus' answer to the riddle of the Sphinx? MAN
- TU: Name one of the Fates. *see below for answer*
 Name another. *see below for answer*
 Name another. CLOTHO, LACHESIS, ATROPOS
- TU: What clear substance flowed in the veins of the gods instead of blood? ICHOR
 Instead of wine, what did the gods drink? NECTAR
 Instead of ordinary food, what did the gods eat? AMBROSIA
- TU: What nymph kept Odysseus on her island for seven years? CALYPSO
 What was the name of Calypso's island? OGYGIA
 Who was sent to inform Calypso to release Odysseus? HERMES
- TU: What old lady, having entertained Theseus on the way to Marathon, promised to sacrifice to Zeus if he succeeded in leading back the bull, but died before he returned? HECALE
- B1: To whom did Theseus sacrifice the bull? APOLLO DELPHINIUS
- B2: What son of Minos had been killed by the bull, leading to the annual endemny of children paid by Athens to Crete? ANDROGEOS
- TU: What son of Orestes and Hermione led the defense of the Peloponnesus against the Heraclidae? TISSAMENUS
- B1: Who was the "three-eyed man" who guided the Heraclidae into the Peloponnesus? OXYLUS
- B2: Why was Oxylus "three-eyed"?
 HE RODE A ONE-EYED HORSE or HE HAD LOST AN EYE FROM AN ARROW WOUND
- TU: What son of Proteus killed Perseus? MEGAPENTHES
- B1: What city was founded by Proteus after he was run out of Argos? TIRYNS
- B2: Who was Proteus's twin, with whom he quarrelled even in the womb? ACRISIUS

2001 TEXAS STATE CERTAMEN -- EXTRA QUESTIONS, LOWER LEVEL

HISTORY

- TU: What was the Latin name of the morning calling hour when sponsors entertained their clients? **SALUTATIO**
- B1: What were the gifts that the patrons gave to their clients? **SPORTULAE**
- B2: Who was the conscientious slave who helped a wealthy patron to remember the names of his clients? **NOMENCLATOR**
- TU: What Roman emperor first endeavored to invade Britain? **CALIGULA**
- B1: What Roman emperor added part of the island to the empire? **CLAUDIUS**
- B2: What British governor squashed the revolt of Boadicea? **SUETONIUS PAULINUS**
- TU: What Roman emperor came to power by paying off the members of the Praetorian Guard upon the death of Pertinax? **DIDIUS JULIANUS**
- B1: Whom had Pertinax succeeded? **COMMODUS**
- B2: Who soon deposed Didius Julianus, ostensibly to avenge the murder of Pertinax? **SEPTIMIUS SEVERUS**
- TU: What Roman festival, celebrated from February 13th to the 21st, involved sacrifices and offerings to the spirits of dead ancestors? **PARENTALIA**
- B1: What evil spirits would a paterfamiliās have driven off in a ritual involving black beans just before the Parentalia? **LEMURES**
- B2: In what year did the Romans first include gladiatorial games in a funeral ritual? **264 BC**