

2011 TSJCL Certamen
Advanced Round 2

- TU#1: The fifth poem of his supposed collection Catalepton claims that he studied Epicurean philosophy under a teacher in Naples named Siro. Who was this author, born near the modern Italian town of Mantova?
VERGIL
- B1: Place Vergil's three main works -- the Aeneid, the Eclogues, and the Georgics in chronological order of publication, starting with the earliest.
ECLOGUES, GEORGICS, AENEID
- B2: Now place them in order of size, starting with the smallest.
ECLOGUES, GEORGICS, AENEID
- TU#2: In the year AD 122 he fell into disgrace with the emperor, along with his patron Septicius Clarus. He had gotten his start with Pliny the Younger as his patron, and during his career he was in charge of the public libraries under Trajan and the imperial archives under Hadrian. Who was this second century biographer?
SUETONIUS
- B1: Name the first and last man featured in Suetonius' De Vita Caesarum.
JULIUS CAESAR; DOMITIAN
- B2: What types of writers are the only ones whose biographies are extant from the one surviving section of Suetonius' De Viris Illustribus?
GRAMMARIANS / RHETORICIANS
- TU#3: He was emperor for three months, lost his wife to a previous emperor, and served as governor of Lusitania. Who was this man, one of the four emperors in AD 69?
OTHO
- B1: Who was his former wife, and to what emperor did he lose her?
POPPAEA SABINA; NERO
- B2: Near what northern Italy town did Otho's troops suffer a defeat to Otho's successor, Vitellius?
CREMONA (OR BEDRIACUM/BETRIACUM)
- TU#4: What four-letter form of the verb vidēre can also be translated as 'to see'?
VĪSŪ
- B1: Name any three other commonly appearing ablative supine forms from classical Latin.
AUDĪTŪ, DICTŪ, FACTŪ, INVENTŪ, MEMORĀTŪ, NĀTŪ
- B2: What verb form combines the accusative supine with a passive infinitive of the verb eō?
FUTURE PASSIVE INFINITIVE
- TU#5: Listen to this Latin description of a location. When you know the location, signal, wait to be recognized, then tell me the location in English.
"Haec est schola in silvā maximā prope lacum. In lacū habitant multa maritima monstra. Līberī undecim annōs nātī hūc prīmō veniunt ut rēs magicās discant. Discipulī saepe in scopīs vehuntur et aliquandō pōtiōnēs bibunt ut sē in alterās formās mutent. Quae schola est, ubi Harrius Figulus rēs magicās discit?"
HOGWART'S (accept THE SCHOOL THAT HARRY POTTER ATTENDS if the student doesn't know the precise name)
- B1: Answer this question in Latin: Quomodō discipulī volant?
(IN) SCOPIŚ
- B2: Answer this question in Latin: Quae interdum discipulōs vertunt?
PŌTIŌNĒS

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- TU#6: Who had also wanted to marry Helen after the death of Paris, eventually losing her to his brother Deiphobus?
HELENUS
- B1: What two Greeks did Helenus predict would have to fight for the Greeks if they were to capture Troy?
NEOPTOLEMUS (PYRRHUS) AND PHILOCTETES
- B2: To whom was Helenus married when Aeneas and his followers stopped in Epirus on their way to Italy?
ANDROMACHE
- TU#7: What emperor, born in the Roman province of Mauretania, was the first to become emperor without being in the senatorial class, in the year AD 217?
MACRINUS
- B1: What powerful group was most influential in proclaiming Macrinus' successor Elagabalus?
THE WOMEN OF THE SEVERAN DYNASTY (JULIA 1, JULIA 2, ETC.)
- B2: What son of Macrinus was put to death along with him?
DIADUMENIANUS
- TU#8: Suetonius called this author semigraecus due to his upbringing in southern Italy. The author himself claimed trilingualism in Latin, Greek, and Oscan. Who was this early tragedian, comedian, and annalist?
ENNIUS
- B1: Of the four surviving epigrams written by Ennius, two are about himself and two are about what historical figure that was a contemporary of Ennius?
SCIPIO AFRICANUS
- B2: What nephew of Ennius inherited his reputation as Rome's greatest dramatic writer?
PACUVIUS
- TU#9: Which of the following English words is NOT derived from the Latin adjective par meaning 'equal': umpire, compare, peer, PARENT, incomparable?
- B1: From what Latin verb meaning 'to give birth' does 'parent' derive?
PARIŌ, PARERE
- B2: What derivative of pariŏ is an English noun referring to the time just after a baby is born?
POSTPARTUM
- TU#10: Who raped Alcippe, the daughter of Ares, and was then murdered by Ares?
HALIRRHOTHIUS
- B1: Who was Halirrhothius' father?
POSEIDON
- B2: What was the location of both the rape and the subsequent trial?
ATHENS / AREOPAGUS HILL
- TU#11: Identify the author of this excerpt: "I have observed the following procedure: I interrogated these as to whether they were Christians; those who confessed I interrogated a second and a third time, threatening them with punishment; those who persisted I ordered executed. For I had no doubt that, whatever the nature of their creed, stubbornness and inflexible obstinacy surely deserve to be punished."

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PLINY THE YOUNGER

B1: To whom was Pliny reporting this procedure that he had followed?

TRAJAN

B2: What did Trajan then tell Pliny was the only way that an accused Christian could be exonerated?
BY WORSHIPPING ROMAN GODS

TU#12: Ironically, this last member of the so-called Constantinian Dynasty of emperors did his best to reverse the Christian tendencies established by his uncle Constantine. Who was this emperor that tried to show tolerance for multiple religions?

JULIAN (THE APOSTATE)

B1: With what cousin had Julian served as co-emperor for six years before becoming sole emperor?
CONSTANTIUS II

B2: In an attempt to foster religions other than Christianity, what building project was begun by Julian in AD 363, though it was soon abandoned due to mysterious destructive forces?
TEMPLE AT JERUSALEM

TU#13: Translate the following Latin sentence into English: 'iudex nōn dubitābat quīn captīvus nocēns esset.'
THE JUDGE WAS NOT DOUBTING (DID NOT DOUBT) THAT THE PRISONER WAS GUILTY

B1: Translate the following Latin sentence into English: 'nihil impedit nōs quōminus id facere possīmus.'
NOTHING HINDERS US FROM BEING ABLE TO DO IT

B2: Translate the following Latin sentence into English: 'quis est tam dēmēns quīn hoc credat?'
WHO IS SO CRAZY AS TO BELIEVE THIS?

TU#14: What Arcadian king was the father of fifty sons and one daughter named Callisto?
LYCAON

B1: Who was the only son not killed by Zeus in revenge for Lycaon's lack of hospitality?
NYCTIMUS

B2: How did Nyctimus die shortly thereafter, ironically?
IN THE FLOOD (SENT BY ZEUS TO PUNISH HUMANS FOR LACK OF HOSPITALITY)

TU#15: Translate the following English sentence into Latin: 'I know what you did last summer.'
SCIŌ QUID PROXIMĀ AESTĀTE FĒCERIS (-ITIS)

B1: Translate the following English sentence into Latin: 'No one knew who had helped the wounded soldiers.'
NĒMŌ SCIĒBAT (SCĪVIT) QUIS (QUĪ) VULNERĀTŌS MĪLITĒS ADIŪVISSET (-NT)
(or SUBVĒNISSET/-NT) (or SUCCURRISSET/-NT)

B2: Translate the following English sentence into Latin: 'The priest finally understood where the lambs were.'
SACERDŌS TANDEM INTELLĒXIT UBI AGNĪ (-AE) ESSENT.
(or COMPREHENDIT)

TU#16: What grandson of King Pittheus of Troezen was sent there by his father who later cursed him and brought about his death after thinking he had seduced his stepmother Phaedra?
HIPPOLYTUS

B1: What caused the death of Hippolytus, the result of a curse by Theseus that was fulfilled by

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Poseidon?

A BULL FROM THE SEA FRIGHTENED HIPPOLYTUS' HORSES, WHO THEN DRAGGED HIM TO DEATH

B2: According to some writers, Hippolytus was revived and became what minor god in Italy?
VIRBIUS

TU#17: Explain the difference in usage between the conjunction cum when it takes an indicative verb and when it takes a subjunctive verb.
CUM TAKES INDICATIVE WHEN IT INDICATES THE TIME AT WHICH AN ACTION OCCURRED; CUM TAKES SUBJUNCTIVE WHEN IT DESCRIBES THE CIRCUMSTANCES THAT ACCOMPANIED OR PRECEDED THE ACTION OF THE MAIN VERB

B1: How is cum translated in the following sentence: 'brevī spatiō legiōnēs numerō hominum explēverat, cum initiō nōn amplius duōbus mīlibus habuisset.'?
ALTHOUGH

B2: How is cum translated in the following sentence: 'cum difficile est, tum nē aequum quidem.'?
BOTH, NOT ONLY ("not only is it difficult, but also it is even unjust")

TU#18: Define the Latin verb laxāre.
TO LOOSEN, WIDEN

B1: Define the Latin verb peccāre.
TO MAKE A MISTAKE, ERR

B2: Define the Latin verb subsultāre.
TO SPRING UP, LEAP UP

TU#19: Name one difference between former slaves who were called Latini Iuniani and those who were called liberti.
LATINI IUNIANI WERE NOT GIVEN CITIZENSHIP, NOR WERE THEIR CHILDREN FREE, AND ON THEIR DEATH THEIR PROPERTY REVERTED TO THEIR FORMER MASTER (you can decide how much of this to require)

B1: For what purpose would a slave typically see objects called scutica or lorum or flagrum?
WHEN BEING PUNISHED (THEY WERE WHIPS)

B2: What Latin phrase was used to name the power of a master over his slave?
DOMINICA POTESTAS

TU#20: What common definition exists for most second declension nouns that end with the letters -us but are feminine?
TYPES OF TREES

B1: What type of tree did the Romans call persicus?
PEACH

B2: What type of tree did the Romans call morus?
MULBERRY