

2011 TSJCL Certamen
Advanced Round 1

- TU#1: How was Cupid accidentally awakened by his wife Psyche?
A DROP OF HOT OIL FROM HER LAMP FELL ON HIM
- B1: What two animals assisted Psyche in performing the labors given to her by Venus?
ANT, EAGLE
- B2: How did the reed and the tower assist Psyche in performing her other two labors?
THEY SPOKE TO HER AND TOLD HER HOW TO ACCOMPLISH THEM
- TU#2: The emperor Tiberius became trīstissimus hominum, a term used by Pliny the Elder in describing the emperor, after whose death in 23 AD?
DRUSUS II / THE YOUNGER
- B1: For whom did Tiberius, at age nine, deliver the eulogy?
HIS BIOLOGICAL FATHER TIBERIUS CLAUDIUS NERO
- B2: Whom did Tiberius marry in 19 BC?
VIPSANIA (AGRIPPINA) (DAUGHTER OF AGRIPPA)
- TU#3: "Briseis to Achilles", "Phaedra to Hippolytus", and "Deianira to Hercules" are three of the letters in what collection by Ovid?
HEROIDĒS
- B1: In which of his works does Ovid dedicate a third book to undo the damage that he suspected the first two books had done?
ARS AMATŌRIA
- B2: What was the subject matter of Ovid's *Medicāmina Facieī Fēminēae*?
COSMETICS AND THEIR APPLICATION
- TU#4: When Acrisius' brother Proetus fled from Argos, to what nearby city did he travel and there become king?
TIRYNS
- B1: Who became king of Tiryns at the death of Proetus?
PERSEUS
- B2: What grandson of Perseus was king of Tiryns, thanks to the intervention of Hera?
EURYSTHEUS
- TU#5: Translate into English the Latin idiom nāvem solvere.
TO SET SAIL (UNTIE FROM MOORINGS)
- B1: Translate the idiom nāvem dēdūcere.
TO LAUNCH A SHIP (PUT IT IN THE WATER)
- B2: Translate the idiom ancoram iacere.
TO DROP ANCHOR
- TU#6: In 229 BC, Rome sent a fleet of 200 vessels to suppress the pirates who were operating with the cooperation of what monarch of Illyria?
(QUEEN) TEUTA
- B1: How did the people of Corinth thank the Romans for ridding Greek trade of these pirates?
THEY ADMITTED THEM TO THE ISTHMIAN GAMES
- B2: What ally of the Romans during the First Illyrian War became Rome's enemy in the Second Illyrian War?
DEMETRIUS (OF PHAROS)

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- TU#7: What Greek grammarian was the author of the first dramatic text ever staged in Rome?
LIVIVS ANDRONICVS
- B1: *Gladiolus* is the only surviving title of what type of comedic play written by Andronicus?
FĀBVLĀ PALLIĀTĀ
- B2: From what Italian city is Andronicus said to have come to Rome?
TARENTVM
- TU#8: For the verb pōnō, give all the future active imperative forms.
PŌNITŌ, PŌNITŌTE, PŌNUNTŌ
- B1: Using an imperative form for the verb vēreor, say in Latin “Thou shalt fear God!”
VĒRĒTOR DEVM
- B2: Change vērētor to the third person plural.
VĒRENTOR
- TU#9: What son of Zeus and Electra married the daughter of Teucer?
DARDANVS
- B1: Name this daughter of Teucer whom Dardanus married.
BATE(I)A
- B2: Name one of the children of Dardanus and Batea.
ERICHTHONIVS / ILVS / IDAEA / ZACYNTHVS
- TU#10: What third century emperor succumbed to a smallpox outbreak at the end of his brief sixteen-month reign, but not before he had dealt the Goths a crushing defeat at the Battle of Naissus?
CLAVDIVS II (GOTHICVS)
- B1: Who had been Claudius' predecessor?
GALLIENVS
- B2: Who was emperor just after Gallienus?
AURELIAN
- TU#11: Listen to the following sentences, which I shall read twice; then answer in English the question about it:
“rēx hostium, dīvitīis diū clārus, Caesarem hērēdem duāsque filiās scrīpserat, tālī obsequiō ratus et rēgnum et domum suam procul iniūriā futūram esse. contrā tamen vertit adeō ut rēgnum ā centuriōnibus, domus ā servīs velut capta vāstārentur.”
(repeat)
The question: Who were made joint heirs with Caesar?
THE KING’S TWO DAUGHTERS
- B1: Why did the king make Caesar his heir?
TO ENSURE THE SAFETY OF HIS KINGDOM (& HOME) / TO KEEP HIS KINGDOM (& HOME) FAR FROM DANGER
- B2: Who plundered the home of the king?
THE SLAVES

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- TU#12: What tense of the subjunctive would be needed for the verb meaning 'to see' in this sentence: 'If you had not come here late, you would have seen him.'
PLUPERFECT
- B1: What type of conditional is this?
PAST CONTRARY-TO-FACT
- B2: Say in Latin, 'If you had come here today, you would have seen him.'
SĪ HŪC HODIĒ VĒNISSĒS (-TIS), EUM VIDISSĒS (-TIS)
- TU#13: Which of the following, if any, is NOT derived from the same Latin root as the others:
redeem, exempt, preempt, EMINENT, example?
- B1: What is the Latin root and its meaning for 'eminent'?
MINAE - THREATS or MINOR, MINĀRĪ - TO THREATEN
- B2: What English derivative of emō means 'the amount of money paid to obtain insurance coverage'?
PREMIUM
- TU#14: What impious woman was the mother of Chloris, the wife of Neleus?
NIOBE
- B1: According to the *Iliad*, for how many days did the children of Niobe remain unburied after they were slain by Artemis and Apollo?
TEN
- B2: What happened to their bodies on the eleventh day?
THE GODS THEMSELVES BURIED THEM
- TU#15: What author was described by the historian Tacitus as having served as the arbiter elegantiae of the emperor Nero?
PETRONIUS
- B1: Give the Latin title of the portion of Petronius' magnum opus which covers portions of books 14-16 of the novel and is the most famous known extant excerpt.
CĒNA TRIMALCHIŌNIS
- B2: What tale, which first appeared in the fables of Phaedrus, was told by Eumolpus on a merchant ship in the Satyricon?
THE MATRON (WIDOW) OF EPHESUS
- TU#16: For what reason would a poor person in ancient times belong to a collegium fūnerātīcium?
IT WAS A FUNERAL CLUB, SO THAT WHEN THE PERSON DIED, HIS OR HER FUNERAL WOULD BE TAKEN CARE OF
- B1: Where in Rome would a laudātiō fūnebris typically take place?
IN THE FORUM (IT WAS A EULOGY FOR SOMEONE FAMOUS)
- B2: What was done in the portion of a cemetery called the ustrīnum?
CREMATION
- TU#17: Quid Anglicē significat: nōndum?
NOT YET
- B1: Define the Latin adjective recordābilis, which comes from the verb recordor, recordārī.
ABLE TO BE REMEMBERED, MEMORABLE
- B2: Define the Latin adjective tractābilis, which comes from the verb trahō, trahere.
ABLE TO BE HANDLED, MANAGEABLE, YIELDING, COMPLIANT

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- TU#18: Say in Latin using an impersonal verb: 'I am ashamed of my dog'.
MĒ PUDET CANIS (MEĪ)
- B1: Using an impersonal verb, translate this sentence into Latin: 'I pity the fools'.
MĒ MISERET STULTŌRUM
- B2: Using an impersonal verb, translate: 'This does not concern you, boy'.
PUER, (HOC) TUĀ NŌN INTEREST / REFERT
- TU#19: What elegiac poet wrote about his relationship with an unmarried woman, a topic quite novel at the time, and served as the first praefectus of Roman Egypt?
(C. CORNELIUS) GALLUS
- B1: Gallus' four books of elegies were addressed to his mistress. Who was she?
VOLUMNIA / CYTHERIS / LYCORIS
- B2: Before her affair with Gallus, she had been the mistress of what important political figure during the Republic's final decades?
(MARC) ANTONY'S
- TU#20: Differentiate in meaning between fāma and squāma.
FĀMA = RUMOR, FAME, REPUTATION // SQUĀMA = SCALE
- B1: Differentiate in meaning between celsus and calvus.
CELSUS = LOFTY, HIGH // CALVUS = BOLD, WITHOUT HAIR
- B2: Differentiate in meaning between certus and curtus.
CERTUS = SURE, CERTAIN // CURTUS = SHORTENED, MUTILATED, BROKEN, SHORT