

**2016 TSJCL Certamen
Novice Finals**

- TU 1: Which of the following, if any, is NOT derived from the same Latin word as the others: manual, manure, manager, maintain, mandatory? MANDATORY
 B1: What Latin verb is the root of “mandate”? MANDĀRE
 B2: What Latin noun is the root of the other words? MANUS
- TU 2: Define the Latin adjective **quīngentī**. FIVE HUNDRED
 B1: Define the Latin adjective **quīnquāgintā**. FIFTY
 B2: **Quot sunt quīnquāgintā et quadraginta?** NONAGINTA
- TU 3: Complete this analogy: **portō : portābis :: videō : _____?** VIDĒBIS
 B1: **portō : portavit :: videō : _____?** VĪDIT
 B2: **portō : portāverant :: doceō : _____?** DOCUERANT
- TU 4: In ancient Rome, what would have been the occupation of a **pistor**? BAKER, MILLER
 B1: In ancient Rome, what would have been the occupation of a **caupō**? INNKEEPER
 B2: In ancient Rome, what would have been the occupation of a **latrō**? ROBBER, THIEF
- TU 5: Who owned both lead and gold arrows, which he used to mischievously shoot humans? CUPID / EROS
 B1: Explain how each of these types of arrows worked. LEAD - CAUSED DISLIKE; GOLD - CAUSED LOVE
 B2: Why were the gods afraid of Cupid? HIS ARROWS WORKED ON THEM TOO
- TU 6: Listen to the following paragraph, which I will read twice. And answer in Latin the question about it.
Herculēs, fortissimus omnium virōrum, ōlim in Graeciā habitābat. Cum Herculēs infāns erat, duae serpentēs in cubiculum eius vēnērunt, at Herculēs minimē territus est. Mānibus Herculēs serpentēs cēpit et colla eōrum magnā vī pressit. (repeat)
- Question: **Quot serpentēs Herculem terruērunt?** DUAE
 B1: **Quantum Herculēs territus est?** MINIMĒ
 B2: **Ubi Herculēs serpentēs rapuit?** IN CUBICULŌ / IN MANIBUS / IN COLLĪS
- TU 7: Who, according to tradition, reigned in Rome from 534 to 510 BC? TARQUINIUS SUPERBUS
 B1: Which temple, begun by Tarquinius Priscus, was completed by Superbus? TEMPLE OF JUPITER CAPITOLINUS / OPTIMUS MAXIMUS
 B2: What king of Clusium tried to help Superbus regain Rome after his expulsion? LARS PORSENNA
- TU 8: What Greek warrior chased Hector around the walls of Troy three times before killing him? ACHILLES
 B1: What Trojan, with the aid of Apollo, killed Achilles? PARIS
 B2: Who killed Paris with an arrow? PHILOCTETES
- TU 9: Give the comparative and superlative forms of **levis**. LEVIOR, LEVISSIMUS
 B1: Give the comparative and superlative forms of **miser**. MISERIOR, MISERRIMUS
 B2: Give the comparative and superlative forms of **gracilis**. GRACILIOR, GRACILLIMUS

- TU 10: How many months were in the original Roman calendar? TEN
 B1: What two months were added later? JANUARY & FEBRUARY
 B2: Who led the great calendar reform of 46 BC? JULIUS CAESAR
- TU 11: What famous mythological musician lost his wife when she was bitten by a snake while fleeing from an attacker? ORPHEUS
 B1: Who was his unfortunate wife? EURYDICE
 B2: Who was pursuing her when she was killed? ARISTAEÛS
- TU 12: What derivative of **tenēre** is an English noun for a type of male singing voice? TENOR
 B1: What derivative of **tenēre** is an English noun meaning "doctrine"? TENET
 B2: What derivative of **tenēre** is an English noun meaning "one who rents property"? TENANT
- TU 13: What war did the Romans win in 197 BC with Flamininus' victory at Cynoscephalae? SECOND MACEDONIAN WAR
 B1: Against whom? PHILIP V
 B2: What son of Philip fought Rome in the Third Macedonian War? PERSEUS
- TU 14: What sisters were in charge of nine areas of the arts? MUSES
 B1: What three sisters avenged unjust deaths? FURIES
 B2: What three sisters were named Clotho, Lachesis, and Atropos? FATES
- TU 15: Differentiate in meaning between **causa** and **casa**. CAUSA – TRIAL, CAUSE, REASON, CASE;
CASA – COTTAGE, SHOP, HUT, CABIN, HOUSE
 B1: Differentiate in meaning between **mare** and **māne**. MARE – SEA; MĀNE – IN THE MORNING
 B2: Differentiate in meaning between **mille** and **mīles**. MĪLLE – ONE THOUSAND; MĪLES – SOLDIER
- TU 16: Translate the following Latin sentence into English: **Poēta, cuius librum legēbamus, est amīcus senātōris.**
THE POET, WHOSE BOOK WE WERE READING / READ, IS THE FRIEND OF A SENATOR
 B1: Translate the following Latin sentence into English: **Ille homō, quōcum iter faciēbās, nūntius fuit.**
THAT MAN / PERSON WITH WHOM YOU WERE
MAKING A JOURNEY / MARCHING / TRAVELLING WAS A MESSENGER
 B2: Translate the following Latin sentence into English: **Puerī, quōs apud Marcum vīdistī, sunt frātrēs.**
THE BOYS WHOM YOU SAW AT MARCUS' HOUSE ARE BROTHERS
- TU 17: Translate the prepositional phrase in this sentence into Latin: "Yesterday we sailed from the island."
AB INSULĀ
 B1: Translate the prepositional phrase in this sentence into Latin: "The children washed their hands before dinner."
ANTE CĒNAM
 B2: Translate the prepositional phrase in this sentence into Latin: "The emperor is in the city today."
IN URBE
- TU 18: What half-Greek, half-Persian ruler transformed Pontus into a kingdom that caused trouble for the Romans in the late second and early first centuries BC? MITHRIDATES (VI)
 B1: In 88 BC, in the so-called 'Asiatic Vespers', Mithridates ordered the deaths of over 80,000 people in Asia Minor who had originally come from what region? ITALY
 B2: What Roman leader negotiated an end to the First Mithridatic War in 85 BC? SULLA

- TU 19: What was the crime of the daughters of Danaüs who were punished in the Underworld?
 KILLING HUSBANDS ON THEIR WEDDING NIGHT
- B1: What was their punishment? FILLING LEAKY JARS WITH WATER
- B2: How many of the original 50 sisters were NOT punished in the underworld? ONE
- TU 20: Which of the following, if any, does NOT belong in the list because of its gender: **virtūs, urbs, imperātor, cīvitās, arx?** IMPERĀTOR
- B1: Which of the following, if any, does NOT belong in the list because of its gender: **corpus, mare, animal, nōmen, rādix?** RĀDIX
- B2: Which of the following, if any, does NOT belong in the list because of its gender: **fīdēs, faciēs, aciēs, spēs, rēs?** NONE (ALL ARE FEMININE)
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