TU 1: Name the more long-lived of the two foster-sons of the shepherd Faustulus. ROMULUS
B1: From what tribe did Romulus direct the early lonely Roman men to kidnap women to be their brides? SABINES
B2: In 296 BC an iconic statue was set up in the Forum that depicted Romulus with two other figures from his childhood. Who were these two figures? REMUS AND THE SHE-WOLF

TU 2: Who was prophesied to appear, wearing only one shoe, to King Pelias? JASON
B1: How had he lost the other shoe? HELPING (THE DISGUISED) HERA ACROSS A STREAM (THE ANAURUS)
B2: How were Jason and Pelias related? PELIAS WAS JASON’S UNCLE

TU 3: What is the meaning of the Latin noun root of the English word 'incarceration'? PRISON / JAIL
B1: What is the meaning of the Latin noun root of the English word 'incarnation'? MEAT / FLESH
B2: What is the meaning of the Latin noun root of the English word 'coronation'? CROWN

TU 4: Make the phrase haec culīna ablative singular. HĀČ CULĪNĀ
B1: Make hāc culīnā plural. HĪS CULĪNĪS
B2: Make hīs culīniī genitive. HĀRUM CULĪNĀRUM

TU 5: Who was the first wife of Heracles? MEGARA
B1: Who caused Heracles to go mad and kill Megara and their children? HERA
B2: Who told Heracles to serve Eurystheus? ORACLE AT DELPHI / PYTHIA / APOLLO

TU 6: In what building was the main treasury of Rome housed? TEMPLE OF SATURN
B1: What is the Latin term for the “public treasury”? AERARIUM
B2: Until the time of Julius Caesar, what officials were in charge of the aerarium? QUÆSTORS

TU 7: Change this Latin sentence to the plural: Māter est bona. MĀTRĪS SUNT BONAE
B1: Change this Latin sentence to the plural: Iter est malum. ITINERĀ SUNT MALA
B2: Change this Latin sentence to the singular: Vīna sunt dulcia. VĪNUM EST DULCE

TU 8: What law made all of Rome's people subject to resolutions that were enacted by the assembly of Rome's poorest people, a law that was passed in 287 BC? LEX HORTENSIA
B1: Just thirteen years earlier, what civic offices did the Lex Ogulnia give plebeians access to? PRIESTHOODS
B2: One of the earliest laws that gave rights to plebeians was the Lex Canuleia of 445 BC. What did it allow plebeians to do? MARRY PATRICIANS

TU 9: Translate into English: mūrus vigintī pedum. A TWENTY-FOOT WALL
B1: Translate into English: tribūnī amīcī nōbīs sunt. THE TRIBUNES ARE FRIENDLY TO US
B2: Translate into English: mē Imperātōrem salūtāvērunt. THEY HAILED (GREETED) ME AS EMPEROR

TU 10: What in the ancient mythological world was Aeaea? THE ISLAND OF CIRCE
B1: How long was Odysseus there? ONE YEAR
B2: How did Odysseus come into possession of the herb 'moly' while there? HERMES GAVE IT TO HIM
TU 11: Listen carefully to the following Latin passage, which I will read twice, and answer IN ENGLISH the question about it that follows:

Scipiō Africānus, cum exercitus ex ItaliƗ in Africam transportƗtus esset, animadvertit mƗlitƗs
perterritƗs tempestƗte factƗs esse. Itaque eƗs dƗxit, “Plaudite, mƗlitƗs, ventum oppressƗ.” (repeat)

Question: What frightened the troops? A STORM / THE WEATHER
B1: Where was Scipio when he noticed this? AFRICA
B2: For what does Scipio take credit? CALMING / SUPPRESSING / CRUSHING THE WIND

TU 12: Translate the name of this 2016 Oscar-nominated film into Latin: "Joy". GAUDIUM / LAETITIA
B1: Using the Latin noun speculƗtor, translate the name of this 2016 Oscar-nominated film into Latin:
PONS SPECULATORUM
B2: Translate into Latin the name of the recent movie “Daddy’s Home”. PATER EST DOMƗ

TU 13: What Roman statesman's earliest act of great military service was to convince King Bocchus of Mauretania to hand Jugurtha over to the Romans? SULLA
B1: In what year did Sulla first serve as consul? 88 BC
B2: What city did Sulla march on and capture without resistance during that year? ROME

TU 14: Quae pars capitis est haec? (Moderator points to one of his/her eyes after reading the question): OCULUS
B1: Quae pars ōris est haec? (Moderator points to his/her tongue after reading the question): LINGUA
B2: Quae pars manûs est haec? (Moderator points to one of his/her fingers after reading the question): DIGITUS

TU 15: What sign of the Zodiac comes from the Latin words meaning “goat” and “horn”? CAPRICORN
B1: What English word derives from the Latin words meaning “one” and “horn”? UNICORN
B2: What related English derivative is the name for a part of one’s eye? CORNEA

TU 16: Differentiate in meaning between cûr and cor. CûR -- WHY?; COR -- HEART
B1: Differentiate in meaning between amô and emô. AMÔ -- LOVE; EMÔ -- BUY
B2: Differentiate in meaning between petô and putô. PETÔ – SEEK / BEG / ASK; PUTÔ - THINK

TU 17: What woman, whose name means “all gifts”, was the first mythological woman? PANDORA
B1: Where was she when she first came into existence? MT. OLYMPUS
B2: What was the purpose of her creation? TO PUNISH MEN / PROMETHEUS

TU 18: In what modern country would all or most of the imperial province of Aquitania have been located? FRANCE
B1: In what modern country would all or most of the imperial province of Lusitania have been located? PORTUGAL
B2: In what modern country would all or most of the imperial province of Dacia have been located? ROMANIA

TU 19: Translate this sentence into English: mandƗvit mƗlitibus ut decem mƗlia passuum iter facerent. HE ORDERED THE SOLDIERS TO MAKE A JOURNEY / MARCH FOR 10 MILES
B1: Translate this sentence into English: mƗsit mƗlitƗs quƗ castra ponerent. HE SENT SOLDIERS TO PITCH / SET UP CAMP
B2: Translate this sentence into English: multƗ sunt quƗ tƗ ament. THERE ARE MANY WHO (WOULD) LOVE YOU
TU 20: Which of the Furies was fetched from the Underworld to incite both Amata and Turnus against Aeneas? 
ALLECTO

B1: Who had fetched Allecto from the Underworld? 
HERA / JUNO

B2: After the abdication of King Latinus, what did Juno do to signal the coming of war? 
SHE OPENED THE GATES OF THE TEMPLE OF JANUS