TU 1: What god was sealed in a bronze jar by the Aloadae?  
Ares / Mars
B1: Name the two Aloadae.  
Otus and Ephialtes
B2: What deity rescued Ares?  
Hermes / Aegepan / Pan

TU 2: How did Althaea, Haemon, and Ajax Telamonius all die?  
Suicide
B1: Out of guilt for doing what did Althaea kill herself?  
Killing her son Meleager
B2: On whose body did Haemon kill himself?  
Antigone's

TU 3: What Latin poet died a few months after his patron and friend Maecenas in 8 BC?  
Horace
B1: What other poet introduced Horace to Maecenas?  
Vergil
B2: Horace addressed Books 1-3 of what work to Maecenas?  
Odes

TU 4: Give the principal parts of the Latin verb *ingredior*.  
*INGREDIOR, INGREDĪ, INGRESSUS (SUM)*
B1: Give the principal parts of the Latin verb *gaudeō*.  
*GAUDEŌ, GAUDĒRE, GAVĪSUS (SUM)*
B2: Give the principal parts of the Latin verb *fiō*.  
*FIŌ, FIERĪ, FACTUS (SUM)*

TU 5: Change the verb form *missī erant* to subjunctive.  
*MISĪ ESSENT*
B1: Change *missī essent* to perfect.  
*MISĪ SINT*
B2: Change *missī sint* to active.  
*MĪSERINT*

TU 6: Listen carefully to the following Latin passage, which I will read twice, and answer IN ENGLISH, the question that follows:  
*Cotīdiē Lucius et Sextus domum ā scholā rediēbant ad litterās legendas, quās mater rūre ad eōs miserat. Paulātim coēperunt discere quid mater rūrī faceret.* (repeat)

Question: Where did Lucius and Sextus go every day before returning home?  
School
B1: What did they do at home?  
They read the letters (that their mother had sent them)
B2: What were they learning from the letters?  
What their mother was doing (in the country)

TU 7: Name the grandsons of Oeneus and Bellerophon who exchanged armor during the Trojan War.  
Diomedes and Glauclus
B1: How did Diomedes get the better end of this exchange?  
He received gold armor, Glauclus received bronze
B2: Who eventually killed Glauclus when the two of them were fighting over the corpse of Achilles?  
Big / Great(ER) / (Son of) Telamon(Ian) / Salaminian Ajax

TU 8: Translate this sentence into English:  "Scīmus avēs ad montēs volāvisse."  
We know that the birds flew / have flown to the mountains
B1: Translate this sentence into English:  "Scīvīmus avēs ad mare volātūrās esse."  
We knew that the birds would fly to the sea
B2: Translate this sentence into English:  "Scīvīmus avēs ad silvam volāre."  
We knew that the birds were flying to the forest
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TU 9: What 2nd century AD author of many theological works was the first major writer in Latin to proclaim and defend Christianity?  
TERTULLIAN

B1: What later Christian author dedicated his Institutionēs Divinae to the emperor Constantine?  
LACTANTIUS

B2: What 1st century BC author greatly influenced the language and style of Lactantius’ works?  
CICERO

TU 10: Give the definition of the Latin noun root from which we derive the English word 'spelunking'.  
CAVE

B1: Give the definition of the Latin noun root from which we derive the English word 'sparse'.  
SCATTER / SPRINKLE

B2: Give the definition of the Latin noun root from which we derive the English word 'sprite'.  
BREATHE

TU 11: Against which enemy leader did the following generals fight: Calpurnius Bestia, Postumius Albinus, Caecilius Metellus, and Gaius Marius?  
JUGURTHA

B1: The king of what neighboring kingdom betrayed Jугurtha to the Romans?  
MAURETANIA

B2: What Roman negotiated Bocchus’ betrayal?  
SULLA

TU 12: What satirist of the Silver Age wrote sixteen satires during the reigns of Trajan and Hadrian?  
JUVENAL

B1: Of what previous emperor was he critical in his fourth satire?  
DOMITIAN

B2: Of what group in Rome was he critical in his infamous sixth satire?  
WOMEN

TU 13: Why did Odysseus have to chain his men to their boat off the coast of Libya?  
SO THEY WOULD NOT RETURN TO THE LAND OF THE LOTUS-EATERS

B1: The next stop for Odysseus was the land of the Cyclopes, generally thought to have been Sicily. Whom did Odysseus accidentally leave behind in his haste to leave there?  
ACHAEMENIDES

B2: Who later rescued Achaemenides from the land of the Cyclopes?  
AENEAS

TU 14: Translate this Latin sentence into English: "puer improbus est dignus nūllā laude."  
AN EVIL / MISCHIEVOUS / NAUGHTY BOY IS WORTHY OF NO PRAISE

B1: Translate: "senex fame moriēbatūr."  
THE OLD MAN WAS DYING OF HUNGER

B2: Translate: "Crasso cōnsule, Caesar ad Hispāniam profec."  
WHEN CRASSUS WAS CONSUL / WITH CRASSUS AS CONSUL, CAESAR DEPARTED / SET OUT FOR SPAIN

TU 15: Name one of the two men who were said to have been the real author of the comedies attributed to the playwright Terence.  
(see B1 for answer; do not reveal other one!)

B1: Name the other.  
SCIPIO AEMILIANUS / LAELIUS

B2: Terence was said to have been born in the year in which what other playwright died?  
PLAUTUS

TU 16: Who led the Roman army which drove the Samnites out of Lucania in 298 B.C.?  
(L. CORNELIUS) SCIPIO BARBATUS

B1: Of what war was this the beginning?  
THIRD SAMNITE

B2: In what year and at what battle did this war end?  
295 BC, SENTINUM

TU 17: Define the Latin verb moror.  
DELAY, STAY BEHIND

B1: Define the Latin verb mordēō.  
BITE, STING, HURT, DISTRESS, VEX, CRITICIZE, ANNOY

B2: Define the Latin verb mollīō.  
SOFTEN, TAME, MAKE EASIER
TU 18: What use of the subjunctive is found in this sentence: "Illās latrōnēs interficiāmus"?  
HORTATORY / JUSSIVE
B1: What use of the subjunctive is found in this sentence: "Quid agam, iūdicēs? Quō mē vertam?"  
DELIBERATIVE
B2: What use of the subjunctive is found in this sentence: "Utīnam mē mortuum vīdissēs"?  
OPTATIVE

TU 19: What Italian tribe trapped a Roman consul and his army on Mt. Algidus around 460 BC?  
AEQUI(ANS)
B1: Give the full name of the person appointed dictator to rescue the trapped army.  
LUCIUS QUINCTIUS CINCINNATUS
B2: Who was the consul Cincinnatus rescued at Mt. Algidus?  
(L.) MINUCIUS (ESQUILINUS)

TU 20: What was the job in the army of a cornicēn?  
HORN/TRUMPET PLAYER
B1: What was the job in the army of an aquilifer?  
STANDARD BEARER
B2: What was the job in the army of a funditor?  
SLINGER