TU # 1:   What Roman emperor, upon being proclaimed by his troops at the Upper Pannonian capital of Carnuntum, returned to Rome in AD 193?   SEPTIMIUS SEVERUS

B1:   Who served as emperor in Rome during the three months that it took Severus to get from Pannonia to Rome?   DIDIUS JULIANUS

B2:   What group in Rome, responsible for the death of Pertinax, did Septimius Severus disband?
                    PRAETORIAN GUARD

TU # 2:   What two groups battled at the wedding of Pirithous and Hippodamia?   LAPITHS & CENTAURS
B1:   Who won?   LAPITHS
B2:   Why did the Centaurs think they deserved some of the kingdom that the Lapiths held?
                    THEY, LIKE THE LAPITHS, WERE SONS OF IXION

TU # 3:   What English derivative of the Latin verb scribere names the process whereby Romans would publish lists of persons to be killed for a reward from the government?
                    PROSCRIBE / PROSCRIPTION

B1:   What English derivative of the Latin verb scribere is the attribution a characteristic to something'?
                    ASCRIBE / ASCRIPTION

B2:   What English derivative of the Latin verb scribere describes a small letter or number printed just above and to the right of the end of a word to indicate that more information can be found elsewhere?   SUPERSCRIPT

TU # 4:   To the Romans, what type of bird was an aquila?   EAGLE
B1:   To the Romans, what type of bird was a columba?   DOVE
B2:   To the Romans, what type of bird was a corvus?   RAVEN, CROW

(score check)

TU # 5:   Listen carefully to the following Latin passage, which I will read twice. Then answer in English the question that follows:
"Quīnque nobilēs iuvenēs ab urbe Tarentō ad Hannibālem vēnērunt. Anteā hī iuvenēs prō Rōmānīs et contrā Hannibālem pugnāverant. Hī in bellō ab Hannibāle captī sunt, sed ab Hannibāle līberātī sunt et domum remissī sunt. Propter beneficia Hannibālis hī nōbilēs dēsīderāvērunt amīcitiam Hannibalis." (repeat)
Question: What was the nature of the first encounter that these young men ever had with Hannibal?
                    THEY FOUGHT AGAINST HIM (AND FOR THE ROMANS)

B1:   What happened to them in the battle?   THEY WERE CAPTURED (BUT LATER FREED)
B2:   Why did they then want to be friends with Hannibal?   BECAUSE OF HIS KINDNESS TO THEM

TU # 6:   Who is forever sitting on the Seat of Forgetfulness in the Underworld?   PIRITHOUS
B1:   Who had been stuck on one also but was freed?   THESEUS
B2:   Who freed him?   HERACLES

TU # 7:   Translate this Latin sentence into English: "nōbīs fortiter pugnandum est".
                    WE MUST FIGHT BRAVELY

B1:	Translate this Latin sentence into English: "nōbīs fortiter pugnandum erat".	
		WE HAD TO FIGHT BRAVELY
B2:	Translate this Latin sentence into English: "tibi quam celerrimē fugiendum est".	
		YOU MUST FLEE/ESCAPE AS QUICKLY AS POSSIBLE

TU # 8: Place in order the following four Trojan War warriors, starting with the one who survived the longest: Achilles, Hector, Paris, Patroclus.   PARIS, ACHILLES, HECTOR, PATROCLUS

B1: Who gave Paris the wound that later killed him?   PHILOCTETES

B2: What first wife of Paris tried to heal him of this wound but could not?   OENONE

TU # 9: Pliny the Elder called this Roman emperor "the gloomiest of men". Though he was responsible for many of the victories that helped Rome establish its northern border with Germany, he never really seemed to want to be emperor. In fact, he was not a direct descendant of his predecessor. Who was he?   TIBERIUS

B1: To what island did Tiberius retire in 6 BC?   RHODES

B2: Who was Tiberius's first wife and the love of his life?   VIPSANIA

TU # 10: Give the correct reflexive form to replace the incorrect adjective in this sentence: 'Caesar mātrem eius amat."   SUAM

B1: Give the correct reflexive form for the sentence "Caesar trusts himself."   SIBI

B2: Give the correct reflexive form for the sentence, "Do you trust yourself, Marcus?"   TIBI

(score check)

TU # 11: What two gods traveled through Phrygia in disguise and were turned away by everyone except an old couple who welcomed them into their home?   JUPITER & MERCURY / ZEUS & HERMES

B1: What were the names of the couple who welcomed them?   BAUCIS & PHILEMON

B2: Into what were the couple turned at the end of their lives as humans?   TREES

TU # 12: What recurring Saturday Night Live Weekend Update character would the Romans have called 'Ebrius Avunculus'?   DRUNK UNCLE

B1: What frequent SNL sketch, imitating a popular game show, would the Romans have called "Familia Pugna"?   FAMILY FEUD

B2: What other game show, often mocked on SNL, would the Romans have called "Periculum"?   JEOPARDY

TU # 13: What is this a list of? Mars. The verb 'to open'. The mother of Hermes. Juno. Julius Caesar. Augustus Caesar. Seven. Eight. Nine. Ten. The god of beginnings. And the verb 'to cleanse'.   SOURCES OF THE NAMES OF THE MONTHS OF THE YEAR

B1: What month did the Romans originally call Quintilis?   JULY

B2: What Roman made the most significant alteration to the calendar?   JULIUS CAESAR

TU # 14: Name the three active infinitives of the Latin verb portō 'to carry'.   PORTĀRE, PORTĀVISSE, PORTĀTŪRUS/A/UM ESSE

B1: Name the two passive infinitives of portō (omit the future one).   PORTĀRĪ, PORTĀTUS/A/UM ESSE

B2:   Name any three of the participles of <u>portō</u>, in the nominative singular.

<div align="right">PORTĀNS, PORTĀTUS, PORTĀTŪRUS, PORTANDUS</div>

TU # 15:   What to the Romans was a <u>diēs festus</u>?   HOLIDAY, FESTIVAL DAY
B1:   What was a <u>lapsus linguae</u>?   SLIP OF THE TONGUE, A MISSTATEMENT
B2:   What was a <u>pictor ignotus</u>?   AN UNKNOWN PAINTER

(score check)

TU # 16:   What English derivative of the Latin verb <u>rogāre</u> describes a negative comment made about someone or something?   DEROGATORY / DEROGATION
B1:   What other English derivative of the Latin verb <u>rogāre</u> is a person who acts on behalf of someone else?   SURROGATE
B2:   What other English derivative of the Latin verb <u>rogāre</u> is a right or privilege limited to a particular person?   PREROGATIVE

TU # 17:   What Dalmatian became emperor in the year 284?   DIOCLETIAN
B1:   What did Diocletian attempt to establish in the year 301 through a famous but unsuccessful edict?
<div align="right">PRICES (OF GOODS/SERVICES)</div>
B2:   What did Diocletian do on May 1, 305 that no emperor before him had done?
<div align="right">ABDICATED / RESIGNED AS EMPEROR</div>

TU # 18:   Who lost a foot race because she stopped to pick up some golden apples that one of her opponents threw down to slow her down?   ATALANTA
B1:   Who threw a golden apple into the wedding of Peleus and Thetis?   ERIS / DISCORD
B2:   What dragon guarded a tree with golden apples in the Garden of the Hesperides?   LADON

TU # 19:   To what type of event would a Roman citizen wear a <u>toga pulla</u>?   FUNERAL
B1:   What type of public entertainment in Rome had its origins in Etruscan funeral customs?
<div align="right">GLADIATORIAL GAMES</div>
B2:   What objects in a funeral procession were the <u>imagines</u>?
<div align="right">WAX PORTRAIT MASKS OF THE DECEASED'S FAMOUS ANCESTORS</div>

(score check)

TU # 20:   Translate this Latin sentence into English: "Nautae ad Graeciam missī sunt quī rēgīnam quaererent."
<div align="right">SAILORS WERE SENT TO GREECE TO (WHO WOULD) SEARCH FOR THE QUEEN</div>
B1:   Repeat the sentence in Latin and change the two verbs to the present tense.
<div align="right">NAUTAE AD GRAECIAM MITTUNTUR QUĪ RĒGĪNAM QUAERANT</div>
B2:   What use of the subjunctive is found in these examples?
<div align="right">(RELATIVE) PURPOSE CLAUSE</div>