

2015 TSJCL Certamen
Advanced Division, Final Round

TU # 1: Who committed suicide after committing incest with her brother Macareus? CANACE
B1: How did Macareus die? SUICIDE
B2: Who was their father? AEOLUS

TU # 2: Who, other than Vergil, wrote an Augustan Age epic poem that told stories about Aeneas? OVID
B1: What king of Delos does Ovid say welcomed the Trojan refugees and told them about special gifts that Bacchus had given to his daughters? ANIUS
B2: In Ovid's *Metamorphoses*, when telling the story of Aeneas and the Sibyl of Cumae, how old does the Sibyl tell Aeneas that she is? 700

TU # 3: Define the Latin noun grandō, grandinis. HAIL
B1: Name a Latin noun that means 'rain'. IMBER, INFUSIO, PLUOR, PLUVIA, RUINA
B2: Give a meteorological definition for the noun arcus. RAINBOW

TU # 4: Give the unsyncopated form of the Latin verb portāstī. PORTĀVISTĪ
B1: What is the standard prose form of the Latin poetic noun form deum? DEŌRUM
B2: What is the standard prose form of the Latin poetic verb form amāre? AMĀRIS

TU # 5: Listen carefully to the following Latin passage, which I will read twice. Then answer in English the question that follows:
"Athēniēnsēs Tīmotheum rogāvērunt ut ille fieret dux et bellum hostibus inferret. In hōc virō tanta erat auctōritās ut magna esset spēs victōriae. Cum Tīmotheus et mīlitēs ad īnsulam Samum appropinquarent, magna tempestās orta est. Complūribus amissīs nāvibus, Tīmotheus sine victōriā ex īnsulā discessit et Athēnās rediit. Tīmotheus accusābātur prōditiōnis et in exsilium coactus est."
(repeat)
Question: Why did Timotheus leave Samos without a victory?
A STORM DESTROYED MANY OF HIS SHIPS
B1: What happened to Timotheus when he first returned to Athens? HE WAS ACCUSED OF TREASON
B2: Where is he when the passage ends? IN EXILE

(score check)

TU # 6: Who might have said to Odysseus on the beach at Ithaca, "Well if he really is crazy, this will tell us for sure." PALAMEDES
B1: What did Palamedes do right after saying this, presumably?
PLACE ODYSSEUS'S SON (TELEMACHUS) IN THE PATH OF ODYSSEUS' PLOW
B2: With what two animals was Odysseus plowing? HORSE AND OX

TU # 7: Translate this Latin sentence into English: "Illa tibi agenda sunt."
YOU MUST DO THOSE THINGS / THOSE THINGS MUST BE DONE BY YOU
B1: Translate this Latin sentence into English: "Haec tibi scienda erunt."
YOU WILL HAVE TO KNOW THESE THINGS

- B2: Now say in Latin, using a gerundive: "I have to think."
MIHI PUTANDUM EST (or COGITANDUM, CREDENDUM, ARBITRANDUM, etc.)
- TU # 8: According to the meaning of his *cognomen*, which Roman historian had the curliest hair? SALLUST
B1: According to the meaning of his *cognomen*, which Roman comedian was flat-footed? PLAUTUS
B2: According to the meaning of his *cognomen*, which Roman poet had drooping ears? HORACE
- TU # 9: Using your knowledge of Latin, explain why the 2014 flu vaccine was labeled quadrivalent.
PROTECTED AGAINST FOUR STRAINS OF THE FLU
B1: What other derivative of the Latin verb valēre means 'being unable to choose between two opposing courses of action'? AMBIVALENT
B2: What does a person do when they 'convalesce'? RECOVER FROM ILLNESS
- TU # 10: In what year did the so-called *Clades Variana* take place in the location that Tacitus called the *saltus Teutoburgiensis*? AD 9
B1: Of what tribe was Arminius the chieftain? CHERUSCI
B2: In what year did Nero Claudius Drusus assume command of Roman forces in Germany? AD 12
- (score check)
- TU # 11: What was the title of the work of Seneca the Younger that borrowed from the earlier tradition of Terentius Varro's *Saturae Menippeae*? APOCOLOCYNTOSIS or LUDUS DE MORTE CLAUDII
B1: Where does the main character Claudius wind up at the end of this work? UNDERWORLD
B2: What tragedy by Seneca about Nero's first wife is the only extant *fabula praetexta*? OCTAVIA
- TU # 12: Whom did Zeus kill with a thunderbolt for calling himself Zeus? SALMONEUS
B1: Who was Salmoneus's daughter by Alcidence? TYRO
B2: Who was Salmoneus's second wife? SIDERO
- TU # 13: Say in Latin, "Marcus said that I had been present."
MARCUS DĪXIT (DĪCĒBAT) MĒ ADFUISSEM
B1: Say in Latin, "Marcus says that I am present."
MARCUS DĪCIT MĒ ADESSE
B2: Say in Latin, "Marcus will say that I will be present."
MARCUS DĪCET MĒ ADFUTŪRUM ESSE
- TU # 14: Which of the following works of Latin literature contained the most number of books? Lucretius's *De Rerum Natura*, Vergil's *Aeneid*, Ovid's *Metamorphoses*, or Livy's *Ab Urbe Condita*? LIVY
B1: Which of the other three works mentioned containing the fewest number of books? LUCRETIUS
B2: How many books were in Lucretius's *De Rerum Natura*? SIX
- TU # 15: What city in Germany did the Romans once call *Colonia Claudia Ara Agrippinensium*? COLOGNE / KÖLN
B1: What city in southern France did the Romans once call *Nemausus*? NIMES

B2: What city in northern Italy did the Romans once call *Augusta Taurinorum*? TURIN / TORINO

(score check)

TU # 16: Define the neutral passive Latin verb veneō. TO GO ON SALE, TO BE ON SALE, TO BE SOLD

B1: What neutral passive Latin verb means 'to become'? FIŌ, FIERĪ

B2: Define the neutral passive Latin verb exsulāre. TO BE EXILED, TO LIVE IN EXILE

TU # 17: Rearrange the letters of the common Latin preposition meaning 'without' to create an irregular present active participle. IĒNS

B1: Give the future imperative singular for this same irregular verb. ĪTŌ

B2: Give the accusative supine for this same irregular verb. ĪTUM

TU # 18: Who defeated Philip the Arab to become the next Roman emperor? DECIUS

B1: What tribe defeated and killed Decius in battle in 251? GOTHIS

B2: What viceregent of Decius became emperor two years later in 253? VALERIAN

TU # 19: Who would you be in ancient Rome if there were someone next to you repeating the words "mementō tē hominem"? A TRIUMPHING GENERAL

B1: What did the Senate have to allow such a person to retain within the city on the day of the parade, despite a general law forbidding it otherwise? IMPERIUM

B2: During what type of lesser celebration would a victorious general enter the city on horseback or foot, rather than in a chariot? OVATIO

(score check)

TU # 20: Name both the location and the job held in common by brothers named Podalirius and Machaon. DOCTORS (IN THE GREEK FORCES) AT TROY

B1: Name both the location and the job held in common by Ancaeus and Tiphys. HELMSMEN OF THE *ARGO*

B2: Name both the location and the job held in common by Ancaeus and his uncle Cepheus. ROWERS ON THE *ARGO* or HUNTERS OF THE CALYDONIAN BOAR