TU # 1: Who became emperor of the Roman Empire in the same year that general Germanicus began a campaign in Germany, which was the year 14 AD? TIBERIUS
B1: In what month of that year did Augustus die? AUGUST (then called SEXTILIS)
B2: What did the Senate decree about Augustus in September of that year? THAT HE HAD BECOME A GOD

TU # 2: What bird in mythology received the eyes of the murdered Argus? (HERA'S) PEACOCK
B1: What bird in mythology helped Zeus locate the center of the Earth? EAGLE
B2: What bird in mythology was featured on coins of the city of Athens? OWL

TU # 3: According to its Latin derivation, what type of animals are involved in an 'equestrian' competition? HORSES
B1: According to its Latin derivation, what animal does a person with an 'aquiline' nose resemble? EAGLE
B2: According to its Latin derivation, what type of animal is one imitating by being 'asinine'? DONKEY

TU # 4: Define the Latin verb favēre. FAVOR, SUPPORT
B1: Define the Latin verb facere. TO DO, MAKE
B2: Define the Latin verb ferre. TO BRING, CARRY

TU # 5: Listen carefully to the following Latin passage, which I will read twice, and then answer in English the question that follows:

"Salvē, pater! Haec nū est prīma epistula mea; iam ad tē mīsī quattuor epistulās. Tū mihi nihil scripsistū; tū ad mē nūllam pecūniam mīsistī. Sum pauperrimus discipulus, quī studēre aut edere nūn possum." (repeat)

Question: What kind of student is the author of this passage? (VERY) POOR
B1: Answer in English: What two things has the student been expecting to receive from his father? MONEY, A LETTER / SOME TYPE OF WRITING or RESPONSE
B2: Answer in English: What two things does the student say he cannot do without money? EAT AND STUDY

(score check)

TU # 6: Whom did the hunter Actaeon accidentally see bathing in the forest? DIANA / ARTEMIS
B1: Into what was he then turned? DEER / STAG
B2: What caused his death? HIS OWN HUNTING DOGS KILLED HIM
TU # 7: Translate the following sentence into English: "dominus est fortior quam servus."
THE MASTER IS BRAVER (STRONGER) THAN THE SLAVE
B1: Translate into English: "canis quinqūque ann̄s in villã mān̄bat."
THE DOG REMAINED IN THE HOUSE FOR FIVE YEARS
B2: Translate into English: "mercātor nāvēs in portū cōnspēxit."
THE MERCHANT CAUGHT SIGHT OF THE SHIPS IN THE HARBOR

TU # 8: What was the special talent of Orpheus? MUSIC / SINGING
B1: What was the destination of his most famous adventure? UNDERWORLD
B2: Who was with him just after he left the underworld? NO ONE

TU # 9: Which of the following was NOT one of the four emperors in the year 69 AD: Vitellius, Otho, Nero, Vespasian, Galba? NERO
B1: Who was the first of the emperors in that year? GALBA
B2: Who was the last? VESPASIAN

TU #10: Translate “friend’s” into Latin for the following sentence: “For three days I traveled with my friend’s family to Athens.” AMĪCĪ / AMĪCAE / AMĪCŌRUM / AMĪCĂRUM
B1: Translate "friends" into Latin for the following sentence: "The new dress I bought pleased my friends." AMĪCĪS
B2: Translate "friends" into Latin for the following sentence: "Marcus and I are friends from way back when." AMĪCĪ

(score check)
TU #11: Who customarily received one obol in exchange for providing his service in taking souls across the Styx? CHARON
B1: Whom were Theseus and Pirithous intending to kidnap when Charon took them across the Styx into the underworld? PERSEPHONE
B2: Who used a golden branch to get Charon to take him across the Styx? AENEAS

TU #12: Define the Latin noun fabula. STORY, PLAY
B1: Define the Latin idiom fabulam agere. TO ACT IN A PLAY
B2: Define the Latin idiom fabulum dare. TO PUT ON A PLAY

TU #13: What was said three times during an ancient ritual called the conclamatio? THE NAME OF A RECENTLY DECEASED PERSON
B1: What was the cena novendialis that was held nine days after a death? BANQUET/DINNER
B2: What was the name of the type of toga that was worn by mourners? TOGA PULLA

TU #14: Which word does not belong with the others grammatically: ferte, dīcite, audīte, stāte, forte? FORTE
B1: Which word does not belong with the others grammatically: dīxī, mānsī, portāvī, rēgī, docuī? REGI
B2: Which word does not belong with the others grammatically: celere, ponere, mittere, trahere, emere?
   CELERE

TU #15: Define the Latin verb habēre.
B1: Define the Latin verb habitāre.
B2: Define the Latin verb haerēre.

(score check)
TU #16: What is the meaning of the Latin verb which is at the root of the English noun 'inspiration'?
B1: What derivative of this same verb is an English verb meaning 'to agree together, especially secretly, to do something wrong'?
B2: What derivative of this same verb is an English noun meaning 'a strong desire or ambition'?

TU #17: The emperor Constantine, like the emperors Titus and Septimius Severus, still has one of these standing in Rome in tribute to him. What type of structure is it?
B1: The Arch of Constantine commemorates his victory over his rival Maxentius at the Milvian Bridge. What river flowed under the Milvian Bridge?
B2: In what year was this battle fought?

TU #18: What was the special talent in mythology of a woman named Atalanta?
B1: What objects did Hippomenes use to win a foot race against her?
B2: Into what animals were Atalanta and Hippomenes later turned?

TU #19: What did a gladiator called a venator fight?
B1: What animal resembled the helmet of a murmillo?
B2: What two objects were held by a gladiator called a retiarius?

(score check)
TU #20: Translate into English: "HorƗtius, quŴ multa vulnera habēbat, in aquam salu it."  
   HORATIUS, WHO HAD MANY WOUNDS, JUMPED INTO THE WATER
B1: Translate into English: "M[U]les Rǀmam contrƗ multǀs hostēs dēfendēbat."  
   THE SOLDIER WAS DEFENDING ROME AGAINST MANY ENEMIES
B2: Translate into English: "PopulŴ m[U]litŴ grƗtiƗs ēgērunt."  
   THE PEOPLE GAVE THANKS TO THE SOLDIER