

2009 TSJCL Certamen  
Intermediate Level, Round One

- TU 1: What two persons inherited the estate of the emperor Augustus at his death?  
HIS WIFE LIVIA AND HIS ADOPTED SON TIBERIUS
- B1: At the time that Augustus adopted Tiberius, which of his own nephews was Tiberius forced to adopt?  
GERMANICUS
- B2: What wife of Germanicus was the granddaughter of Augustus?  
AGRIPPINA THE ELDER
- TU 2: For the verb **capiō, capere**, give the nominative singular masculine of the present active participle.  
**CAPIĒNS**
- B1: Make **capiēns** future.  
**CAPTŪRUS**
- B2: If you were to add a form of the verb **sum, esse** to **captūrus**, what construction would you have formed?  
ACTIVE PERIPHRASTIC
- TU 3: Which king of Rome built the temple of Janus and established religion in Rome?  
NUMA POMPILIUS
- B1: Which king of Rome built the Pons Sublicius?  
ANCUS MARCIUS
- B2: What seaport, located 16 miles from Rome, did Ancus establish?  
OSTIA
- TU 4: Differentiate in meaning between **aestās** and **aetās**.  
**AESTĀS**, SUMMER **AETĀS**, AGE
- B1: ...between **carpō** and **careō**.  
**CARPŌ**, PLUCK **CAREŌ**, LACK
- B2: ...between **līmen** and **lūmen**.  
**LĪMEN**, THRESHOLD / DOORWAY, **LŪMEN**, LIGHT
- TU 5: Translate: **Populus Rōmānus scit Mārcum Aurelium bonum imperātōrem esse**.  
THE ROMAN PEOPLE / THE PEOPLE OF ROME KNOW THAT  
MARCUS AURELIUS IS A GOOD EMPEROR
- B1: Translate: **Mea māter dīxit Quintum mox adventūrum esse**.  
MY MOTHER SAID THAT QUINTUS WOULD ARRIVE SOON
- B2: Translate: **Publius Cornēlius affirmābat Hannibalem superārī**.  
PUBLIUS CORNELIUS AFFIRMED THAT HANNIBAL WAS (BEING) DEFEATED
- TU 6: He may have owed his succession to the emperorship to Plotina, the wife of his predecessor, who seemed to favor him. It may have been his receipt of the emperor Nerva's diamond from that predecessor, or perhaps simply because he had capably managed the army in Syria. Who was this emperor, the successor of Trajan?  
HADRIAN
- B1: What is the connection of the Castel Sant'Angelo in modern Rome to the emperor Hadrian?  
ORIGINALLY IT WAS THE MAUSOLEUM OF HADRIAN
- B2: The name of what Roman appears on the inscription of the Pantheon, built in Rome by Hadrian?  
(MARCUS) AGRIPPA

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- TU 7: Give the genitive singular of the phrase **ūna manus**.  
**ŪNĪUS MANŪS**
- B1: Change **ūnīus manūs** to the plural.  
**DUĀRUM / AMBĀRUM MANUUM**  
(or no answer because “**Ūnus** is not normally used in the plural”)
- B2: Change **duārum manuūm** to the accusative. **DUĀS MANŪS**
- TU 8: According to one version of the account of his birth, he was hidden among a flock of sheep while his mother claimed to have given birth to a horse, then gave the horse to her husband to eat, as he had done with his other children. Who was this deity?  
**POSEIDON / NEPTUNE**
- B1: In the contest for patronage of Athens, what gift did Poseidon offer to the city?  
**SPRING OF SALT WATER or HORSE**
- B2: What city located in central Greece between Attica and the Peloponnese was a major center of worship for Poseidon?  
**CORINTH**
- TU 9: What persons in ancient Rome could most easily be recognized by their so-called 'Phrygian cap,' or pilleus, which they wore as a symbol of their status?  
**FREEDMEN / FREED SLAVES**
- B1: What was the Latin word for this class of former slaves?  
**LĪBERTĪ / LĪBERTĪNĪ**
- B2: Who in a Roman household were the **vernae**?  
**SLAVES WHO HAD BEEN BORN TO SLAVE PARENTS**
- TU 10: Give the principal parts of **mīror**.  
**MĪROR, MĪRĀRI, MĪRĀTUS (SUM)**
- B1: Give the principal parts of **morior**.  
**MORIOR, MORĪ, MORTUUS (SUM)**
- B2: Give the principal parts of **moror**.  
**MOROR, MORĀRĪ, MORĀTUS (SUM)**
- TU 11: Give the Latin noun and its meaning from which we derive the English word 'redundant'.  
**UNDA - WAVE**
- B1: Give the Latin verb and its meaning from which we derive the English word 'redeem'.  
**EMŌ, EMERE - TO BUY**
- B2: Give the Latin verb and its meaning from which we derive the English word 'redirect'.  
**REGŌ, REGERE - TO GUIDE, RULE**
- TU 12: In whose temple did Poseidon and Medusa have their rendezvous, thereby incurring the wrath of the resident goddess?  
**ATHENA**
- B1: What instrument did Athena invent, only to throw it away because she did not like how it made her cheeks look?  
**FLUTE**
- B2: How did Athena disguise Odysseus when he finally returned to Ithaca?  
**OLD MAN / BEGGAR**

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- TU 13: What Roman emperor was born as Lucius Septimius Bassianus but after age seven was called Marcus Aurelius Septimius Bassianus Antoninus?  
CARACALLA
- B1: What was the source of his nickname 'Caracalla'?  
A (GALLIC) CLOAK HE WORE
- B2: What was the more common name of Caracalla's brother, Publius Septimius Antoninus?  
GETA
- TU 14: Give the Latin and English for the abbreviation **p.o.**  
**PER ŌS, BY MOUTH**
- B1: ...for the abbreviation **cf.**  
**CŌNFER, COMPARE**
- B2: ...for the abbreviation **v.s.**  
**VIDĒ SUPRĀ, SEE ABOVE**
- TU 15: He was abandoned by his parents, who feared he would cause the destruction of their city. He was nursed by a she-bear and went on in his early life to arrange bullfights. He was reunited with his family when his prophetic sister Cassandra recognized him. Who was he?  
PARIS
- B1: What alternate name did Paris earn in his youth from his reputation for protecting the flocks that he tended on Mt. Ida?  
ALEXANDER
- B2: Who killed Paris?  
PHILOCTETES
- TU 16: Listen carefully to the following passage, which I will read twice, and answer in ENGLISH the question about it.  
**Secundō Bellō Pūnicō erat magnum proelium in Apuliā prope Cannās. In hāc pugnā exercitus Rōmānus omnīnō vastātus est. Post proelium dux Carthaginiēnsis, Hannibal nōmine, cum exercitū ad moenia Rōmae adiit.**  
Question: What took place in Apulia near Cannae?  
A (GREAT) BATTLE
- B1: What happened to the Roman army there?  
IT WAS (COMPLETELY) DESTROYED
- B2: What did Hannibal do after the battle?  
WENT TO / APPROACHED (THE WALLS OF) ROME
- TU 17: Translate into Latin the verb 'carried' for the following sentence: "I know why they carried their books to school."  
**PORTĀVERINT**
- B1: Translate into Latin the verb 'carried' for the following sentence: "I know that they have carried their books to school."  
**PORTĀVISSE**
- B2: Translate into Latin the word 'carried' for the following sentence: "I know that the books carried to school were heavy."  
**PORTĀTŌS / (QUĪ) PORTĀTĪ SINT (TO MODIFY THE UNDERSTOOD 'LIBROS' MEANING 'BOOKS')**

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TU 18: Because they could not have children of their own, whom did Polybus and Merope of Corinth adopt from a herdsman?

OEDIPUS

B1: Why did Oedipus flee Corinth?

HE FOUND OUT ABOUT THE PREDICTION THAT HE WOULD KILL HIS FATHER AND MARRY HIS MOTHER

B2: Why did the prophet Tiresias later warn Oedipus not to try to find out who had killed King Laius of Thebes?

TIRESIAS KNEW THAT OEDIPUS HAD KILLED HIM (AND THAT LAIUS WAS HIS REAL FATHER)

TU 19: Which of the following English words does NOT come from the Latin word **levis** meaning 'light': levitate, elevate, relevant, alleviate, or level?

LEVEL

B1: Which of the following English words does NOT come from the Latin word **lēx** meaning 'law': legal, elegant, legislature, loyal, or allegiance?

ELEGANT

B2: Which of the following English words does NOT come from the Latin word **loquor** meaning 'to speak': loquacious, eloquent, elocution, allocate, or colloquium?

ALLOCATE

TU 20: What satyr in mythology invented the shepherd's pipes?

PAN

B1: What was the name of the nymph who had been turned into the bed of reeds from which the pipes were invented by Pan?

SYRINX

B2: To whom did Pan lose a famous mythological musical contest?

APOLLO