1. How would a girl say in Latin, "I have been seen." 
B1: How would more than one girl say in Latin, "We had been seen." 
B2: Say in Latin, “The teachers seem to be the best.”

2. What name is given to the rectangular shield carried by a Roman soldier? 
What was a Roman soldier’s helmet called? 
What was a soldier called when without his sarcina? 

3. What goddess is credited with having invented the flute? 
What satyr picked up the flute after Athena had discarded it, and then challenged Apollo to a music contest? 
What torturous punishment did Apollo impose upon Marsyas? 

4. Quid Anglicē significat exīstimō. 
B1: Quid Anglicē significat ostendō. 
B2: Quid Anglicē significat fluō. 

5. Translate the following sentence into English: 'servī clāmōribus terrī fūgerunt.' 
B1: Translate this sentence: 'agricola gladiō vulnerātus ad terram dēcidit.' 
B2: Translate: 'flammae ventō auctae casam cōnsumpsērunt.' 

6. Plautia Urgulanilla, Aelia Paetina, Valeria Messalina, and Agrippina the Younger were all wives of which emperor? 
B1: Which of these was the mother of his daughter Octavia? 
B2: Which of these was the mother of his son Britannicus? 

7. What state’s motto is Crēscit eundō? 
B1: ... Dītāt Deus? 
B2: ... Excelsior?
8. What goddess was not allowed to leave the Underworld because she had eaten some pomegranate seeds in the Underworld? PERSEPHONE / PROSERPINA
B1: What behavior by her mother Demeter caused Zeus to intervene and arrange for Persephone’s departure from the Underworld? REFUSED TO LET CROPS/PLANTS GROW
B2: Who was Persephone’s father? ZEUS

9. Who in Rome were commonly described as either being sine manū or in manū marītī? BRIDES / WIVES (prompt for more information if “women” is given)
B1: What was the difference? ‘SINE MANŪ’ MEANT SHE WAS NOT UNDER HER HUSBAND’S AUTHORITY ‘IN MANŪ MARĪTĪ’ MEANT SHE WAS
B2: What in Roman marriage customs did it mean if a marriage took place sine dōte? THERE WAS NO DOWRY - “WITHOUT A DOWRY”

10. When you have been recognized by the spotter, perform the following command: Dīc mihi Anglicē, “Tū es tam crūdēlis!” ONE STUDENT SHOULD SAY “YOU ARE SO CRUEL!”

11. What English derivative from the Latin words for ‘alone’ and ‘to speak’ is the term for a dramatic speech delivered by a character who is on stage alone? SOLILOQUY
B1: What English derivative from the same Latin verb is an adjective meaning ‘conversational or informal in speech’? COLLOQUIAL
B2: What English derivative from the same Latin verb is the name for a person who seems to be able to make other things speak? VENTRILOQUIST

12. With what warrior on the opposite side of the war did Ajax exchange presents after fighting against him all day long unsuccessfully? HECTOR
B1: Under what condition had Zeus decreed that Hector was to be successful in fighting during the Trojan War? AS LONG AS ACHILLES DIDN’T FIGHT FOR THE GREEKS
B2: Who came to Achilles to buy back the body of the dead Hector? PRIAM

13. Who were the adopted sons of the emperor Antoninus Pius? MARCUS AURELIUS AND LUCIUS VERUS
B1: Which of those sons succeeded him as emperor? BOTH OF THEM
B2: For what action did the Senate confer upon Antoninus the title of ‘Pius’? HONORING THE MEMORY OF HIS PREDECESSOR, HADRIAN
14. Which of the following words is NOT a deponent verb?
sequeor, ëgredior, auctor, hortor, patior, cònor

AUCTOR
B1: Which of the following words is NOT a third declension adjective?
brevis, dîves, vester, immortâlis, ferôx, immemor

VESTER
B2: Which of the following words is NOT a conjunction?
ergo, quod, sed, quia, nam, ut

ERGO

15. In whose cave did Odysseus find both supplies and trouble?

THE CYCLOPS POLYPHEMUS

B1: What did Polyphemus promise to Odysseus because he liked the wine Odysseus had given him?

TO EAT HIM LAST (to be answered with your best Arnold Schwarzenegger voice)

B2: Who did Polyphemus claim had blinded him when the other Cyclopes asked?

NOBODY / NO ONE / NO MAN

16. Listen carefully to the following passage, which I will read twice. Then answer in English the question that follows:


Question: What are the three nationalities of the gladiators?

BRITISH, GALLIC (FRENCH), AND GREEK

B1: What does the Gallic gladiator try to get the Greek to do?

KILL THE BRITISH GLADIATOR

B2: Why does the Greek gladiator not agree to do this?

THE BRITISH GLADIATOR HAS ALREADY GIVEN HIM MONEY

17. For the verb dëleô, give the third person singular, imperfect passive subjunctive.

DËLËRÊTUR

B1: Change dëlërëtûr to the perfect tense.

DËLËTUS /-A /-UM ESSET

B2: Change dëlëtûs esset to the active voice.

DËLËVISSET

18. Who boasted at a banquet that he could easily give Polydectes the head of a Gorgon?

PERSEUS

Where was Polydectes king?

SERIPHOS

After Perseus completed his task and Polydectes was killed, who ruled Seriphos?

DICTYS
19. What English derivative of the Latin word for ‘clothing’ means ‘a person who wears clothing that is more appropriate for the opposite gender’? TRANSVESTITE
   B1: What derivative of this same word is an English verb meaning ‘to commit money in order to gain a financial return’? INVEST
   B2: What derivative of this word is an English noun meaning ‘an exaggerated or grotesque imitation’? TRAVESTY

20. Which emperor died at York, England and was born in Africa at Leptis Magna?
   SEPTIMIUS SEVERUS
   B1: Who was Septimius Severus’ wife at the time of his death? JULIA DOMNA
   B2: Whom did Septimius Severus name as co-emperor in AD 198? CARACALLA
2007 TSJCL CERTAMEN
INTERMEDIATE DIVISION
ROUND TWO

1. What monument in Rome commemorated a victory in Jerusalem in AD 70?

   ARCH OF TITUS

B1: What catastrophic event took place two months into Titus’ reign?

   THE ERUPTION OF VESUVIUS

B2: Later in Titus’ reign, what two other calamities afflicted the city of Rome?

   A FIRE AND AN EPIDEMIC

2. What daughter of Uranus and Gaia was the mother of the Muses?

   MNEMOSYNE

B1: What sons of Uranus and Gaia had one hundred hands?

   HECATONCHIRES

B2: What son of Uranus and Gaia was the father of all river gods?

   OCEANUS

3. Quid Anglice significat ēbrius?

   DRUNK

B1: Quid Anglice significat fēlis?

   HAPPY, LUCKY, FORTUNATE

B2: Quid Anglice significat modicus?

   MODERATE, MODEST

4. Translate the relative pronoun into Latin for the following sentence: "Both the daughters and the sons whom we loved were very grateful."

   QUŌS

B1: For this sentence: "The sons and daughters whom we trusted were very grateful."

   QUIBUS [now dative because of 'credō']

B2: For this sentence: “By whom was Caesar killed?”

   Ā QUŪ or Ā QUĪBUS

5. What was the Latin term for days on which legal business could not be conducted?

   (DIĖS) NEFASTĬ

B1: What in the calendar were diēs comitālēs?

   DAYS ON WHICH PUBLIC ASSEMBLIES WERE PERMITTED/HELD

B2: What in the calendar were diēs nundinae?

   MARKET DAYS (EVERY 8TH DAY)

6. Which of the Olympian gods participated with Apollo in the building of the walls of Troy?

   POSEIDON

B1: How did Poseidon attempt to get revenge on the Trojans for not paying him for this work?

   HELPED THE GREEK SIDE IN THE TROJAN WAR

B2: Name one of the two children that Poseidon fathered by Medusa.

   PEGASUS OR CHRYSAOR
7. What city did the emperor Commodus rename as Colonia Commodiana? ROME
   B1: Commodus was assassinated on the first day of what year? AD 193
   B2: How many other men served as emperor during that year? THREE (Pertinax, Didius Julianus and Septimius Severus)

8. Translate the following sentence into English: 'puerī domum festināverunt ut patrem salūtārent.'
   THE BOYS HURRIED HOME IN ORDER TO GREET THEIR FATHER
   B1: Translate this sentence: 'dominus stilum poposcit quō epistulam scriberet.'
   THE MASTER DEMANDED A PEN IN ORDER TO WRITE A LETTER
   B2: Translate this sentence: 'für ē villā exiit nē invenīrētur.'
   THE THIEF EXITED THE HOUSE SO THAT HE WOULD NOT BE FOUND

9. While he was away attending the funeral of his grandfather Catreus, whose wife was abducted by Paris? MENELAUS
   B1: Menelaus was informed about the kidnapping by what messenger goddess? IRIS
   B2: What man was both the brother and brother-in-law of Menelaus? AGAMEMNON

10. What is the third principal part of the Latin verb transfigō? TRANSFIXĪ
    B1: What is the third principal part of the Latin verb vīsitō? VISITĀVĪ
    B2: What is the third principal part of the Latin verb circumveniō? CIRCUMVĒNĪ

11. Listen carefully to the following passage, which I will read twice. Then answer IN ENGLISH the question that follows:
    “ōlim deī per somnium cōnsulem hoc monuērunt: 'sī in bellō interficiēris, exercitus tuus hostēs vincet; sī nōn interficiēris, hostēs exercitum vincent.' itaque cōnsul sōlus in hostem impetum fēcit. hostēs cōnsulem interfēcērunt sed exercitus eius hostēs vincere nōn potuit." (repeat)
    Question: How did the consul get the idea to perform this heroic deed?
    THE GODS HAD WARNED HIM IN A DREAM
    B1: What prediction was he given by the gods?
       IF HE IS KILLED IN WAR, HIS ARMY WILL WIN;
       IF HE ISN'T KILLED, HIS ARMY WILL LOSE
    B2: What happened?
       THE CONSUL ATTACKED THE ENEMY BY HIMSELF AND WAS KILLED,
       BUT HIS ARMY WAS UNABLE TO WIN
12. According to its derivation, what does a ‘bicaudal’ animal possess?  
   B1: What derivative of the Latin verb ‘to throw’ is an English word for the path which 
      a rocket or missile takes while in flight?  
      TRAJECTORY  
   B2: What derivative of the Latin verb ‘to join’ is an English word for a court order 
      that prohibits a party from a specific course of action?  
      INJUNCTION

13. What father-in-law of Honorius was executed by him?  
   B1: Who was Honorius’ father?  
      THEODOSIUS I  
   B2: Which part of the empire did Stilicho rule as regent for Honorius?  
      WEST

14. Change the word *audiam* to the passive voice.  
   B1: *... tulimus*.  
   B2: *... mittere.*

15. After Athena requested her to do so, what daughter of Helios gave Odysseus food, a raft, 
    and directions on how to get back to Ithaca?  
    B1: For how long had she kept Odysseus on her island?  
        TEN / ONE / SEVEN YEARS (DEPENDING ON WHICH VERSION YOU READ)  
    B2: According to some traditions, Calypso’s sister also had detained Odysseus for a 
        year on her island of Aeaea. Who was this witch?  
        CIRCE

16. Give the Latin for the abbreviation ca.  
   B1: *... q.i.d.*  
   B2: *... H.S.*

17. *Lupercī, salīī, fetīālēs, and flāminēs* were all types of what?  
    B1: Of what deity were *Salīī* the priests?  
        MARS  
    B2: What was the primary function of the rituals performed by the *Lupercī*?  
        PROMOTE / CELEBRATE FERTILITY

18. Translate the following sentence into English: *'Publius matrem cēnam parantem spectāvit.'*  
    PUBLIUS SAW HIS MOTHER PREPARING DINNER  
    B1: Translate this sentence: *'Senātōre vīsō, pontīfex templum intrāvit.'*  
        AFTER THE SENATOR HAD BEEN SEEN, THE PRIEST ENTERED THE TEMPLE  
    B2: Translate this sentence: *'servus ē villā egressus dominum sequēbātur.'*  
        THE SLAVE, HAVING DEPARTED FROM THE HOUSE, FOLLOWED THE MASTER
19. What hero was taught medicine in his boyhood by the centaur Chiron, and once he was old enough, he set out to regain his kingdom from his evil uncle Pelias? JASON

B1: What unusual ability was possessed by the ram from which the Golden Fleece was removed? IT COULD FLY

B2: The boy who sacrificed the ram and removed the fleece was later the father of the man who built Jason’s ship for him. What was this builder’s name? ARGOS

20. What English derivative of a Latin verb meaning ‘to raise’ is the name for an earthen embankment that keeps a river or lake from overflowing? LEVEE

B1: What English derivative from this same verb means ‘to make more bearable’? ALLEVIATE

B2: What English derivative from this same verb means ‘unrelated to the matter being considered’? IRRELEVANT
1. What young hero of Attica was told to attempt to reclaim his throne only when he was strong enough to remove a rock and retrieve the sword and sandals hidden beneath them? 
   THESEUS
   B1: What is the more familiar name of Damastes, one of Theseus’ opponents? 
   PROCRUSTES
   B2: What witch attempted to kill Theseus when he arrived in Athens to be reunited with his father? 
   MEDEA

2. Who was emperor in the East when Constantine I was proclaimed emperor in the West? 
   GALERIUS
   B1: Who succeeded Galerius as eastern emperor? 
   LICINIIUS
   B2: Who succeeded Licinius as eastern emperor? 
   CONSTANTINE I

3. What type of dependent subjunctive clause is found in the following sentence: 
   Nesciēbamus quālis esset homō. 
   INDIRECT QUESTION
   B1: Say in Latin: I knew who had come. 
   SCĪVĪ / SCĪBAM QUIS VĒNĪSSET or QŪĪ VĒNĪSSESSENT
   B2: Since Latin has no future subjunctive, how would one express “will come” into Latin for the sentence, “I don’t know who will come.”? 
   EITHER A PRESENT SUBJUNCTIVE (veniat) or ACTIVE PERIPHRASTIC WITH FORM OF SUM (ventūrus sit) or FORE UT WITH A PRESENT SUBJUNCTIVE

4. Naiads, Dryads, Oreads, and Meliads were all types of what generic female deities? 
   NYMPHS
   B1: What nymph fell in love with Narcissus but was rejected by him? 
   ECHO
   B2: What nymph was pursued by Apollo until she was turned into a laurel tree? 
   DAPHNE

5. What is the difference in meaning between onus and opus? 
   ONUS – BURDEN, LOAD
   OPUS – WORK, LABOR
   B1: What is the difference in meaning between the Latin nouns lūmen and līmen? 
   LŪMEN – LIGHT, EYE
   LĪMEN – THRESHOLD
   B2: What is the difference in meaning between turris and torus? 
   TURRIS – TOWER
   TORUS – A SWELLING, MUSCLE, BRAWN, COUCH, BED
6. Listen carefully to the following passage, which I will read twice, and answer IN ENGLISH, the question that follows:


Question: What question did the girl want to ask the old man?

B1: Name two of the three things which the man considers his secret to longevity.
   HE SMOKES A HUNDRED CIGARETTES A DAY / HE DRINKS TEN CUPS OF WINE / HE NEVER EXERCISES (HIS BODY)

B2: Explain the punch line to this story.
   THE “OLD MAN” WAS ONLY THIRTY-ONE / HE WASN’T REALLY AN OLD MAN, JUST LOOKED LIKE ONE

7. Translate the following sentence into English: ‘miles sociōs hortātus est ut fortēs essent.’
   THE SOLDIER URGED HIS COMRADES TO BE BRAVE

B1: Translate this sentence: ‘sibi persuāserunt ut sine morā proficīscerentur.’
   THEY PERSUADED THEMSELVES TO LEAVE WITHOUT DELAY

B2: Translate this sentence: ‘vēninus Pompēiōs ut Vesuvium viderēmus.’
   WE CAME TO POMPEII IN ORDER TO SEE VESUVIUS

8. Who in mythology is described by the following sentences: She grew up without parents, though some huntsmen did give her shelter and protection. She was told by an oracle that if she ever married, she would be turned into an animal. She later took part in the Calydonian Boar Hunt.

   ATALANTA

B1: Atalanta’s future husband won the right to marry her with the aid of which goddess?
   APHRODITE / VENUS

B2: Two different men are said to have defeated Atalanta in the foot race with that goddess’ help. Who are these men?
   MELANION AND HIPPOMENES

9. According to its Latin derivation, when does an ‘anteprandial’ activity take place?
   BEFORE LUNCH (BEFORE A MEAL)

B1: According to its Latin derivation, what does an animal do when it ‘estivates’?
   LIES DORMANT/INACTIVE DURING THE SUMMER

B2: According to its Latin derivation, what type of surface is said to be ‘arenaceous’?
   ONE COVERED WITH SAND
10. To what category do all of the following belong: abolla, laena, lacerna, and paenula.
   CLOAKS
   B1: What was the garment worn by ultrafashionable men at dinner parties?
   SYNTHESIS
   B2: What garment was worn by men after exercise? ENDROMIS (bathrobe)

11. What son of Agenor and brother of Europa was told to found a city at the spot where a
    fatigued cow stopped to rest?
    CADMUS
    B1: What was the origin of the men that Cadmus fought but later befriended and
        employed to build his new city?
        SPRANG FROM DRAGON’S TEETH HE HAD SOWN AT ATHENA’S SUGGESTION
    B2: By what name is this group of “sown-men” known? SPARTI / SPARTOI

12. Quid Anglicē significat obstupēfaciō.
    TO STUN, AMAZE, AWESRIKE
    B1: Quid Anglicē significat glōrior.
        TO BOAST, GLOAT
    B2: Quid Anglicē significat vigilō.
        TO STAY AWAKE, BE ALERT, BE ON GUARD

13. Whom did the future emperor Tiberius adopt in AD 4?
    GERMANICUS
    B1: In what eastern city did Germanicus die?
        ANTIOCH
    B2: Who was charged with the murder of Germanicus but took his own life before the
        trial ended?
        (CN. CALPURNIUS) PISO

    MĒ TAEDET VĪTAE
    B1: What use of the genitive case is found in the following sentence: Prōdictīonis
        danmātus est?
        CHARGE OR PENALTY / VERBS OF ACCUSING OR ACQUITTING
    B2: What use of the genitive case is found in the following sentence: Tē in diēs plūris
        faciō?
        (INDEFINITE) VALUE

15. What sort of event in the Roman world is being described here: The ēdītor mūneris
    takes his place, recalling the cēna lībera from the day before. The prōlūsiō begins
    though only as a prelude of things to come. After declaring a sine missiōne, the ēdītor
    mūneris summons slaves to bring food and drink for the long day ahead.
    A GLADIATORIAL EXHIBITION
    B1: What was the cēna lībera?
        A LAST MEAL GIVEN TO THE GLADIATORS
    B2: What type of fight was the sine missiōne?
        A FIGHT IN WHICH ONE OF THE COMPETITORS HAD TO DIE

16. What future emperor defeated and killed Philip the Arab in battle?
    DECIUS
    B1: In what battle was Decius himself killed two years later?
        ABRITTUS
    B2: Against what tribe was Decius fighting in that battle?
        GOTHs
17. What English derivative of the Latin verb meaning ‘to leap back’ is an English word meaning ‘able to recover easily or to return to its original condition’?  
   RESILIENT

B1: What English derivative of the Latin verb meaning ‘to save’ is an English word that names a place where plants are arranged for display OR a place where music is taught?  
   CONSERVATORY

B2: Which of the 50 states in the U.S. gets its name from the Latin word for ‘forest’?  
   PENNSYLVANIA

18. Which mythological riddle-answerer freed a city of its greatest curse and then married its recently widowed queen, but later regretted this unintentionally incestuous act?  
   OEDIPUS

B1: Of what city did Oedipus become the king?  
   THEBES

B2: Who was his mother and wife?  
   JOCASTA

19. For the verb muniō, give the present passive infinitive.  
   MŪNĪRĪ

B1: Change muniō to the perfect tense.  
   MŪNĪTUS /-A /-UM ESSE

B2: Give the present and perfect passive infinitives for the verb faciō.  
   FIERĪ & FACTUS /-A /-UM ESSE

20. What Latin phrase, which literally translates into English as “under punishment”, is the legal term for “a writ commanding a person to appear in court under penalty of law”?  
   SUBPOENA

B1: What Latin phrase containing a verb in the jussive subjunctive is the legal term for “a writ demanding a person’s presence in court to determine if that person is being held legally”?  
   HABEĀS CORPUS

B2: What Latin phrase containing a complementary infinitive is the legal term for “a plea in which the accused neither admits nor disputes the charges”?  
   NŌLŌ CONTENDERE