

2006 Texas State JCL Certamen  
Upper Round 2

- TU # 1: In the year before the birth of Cicero and Pompey, what man served as consul for the first time and was the first man in his family to serve as consul? **GAIUS MARIUS**  
B1: Against what enemy did Marius fight in that year for the first time? **JUGURTHA**  
B2: What Roman negotiated the capture of Jugurtha by a neighboring king? **SULLA**
- TU # 2: What author wrote a year-by-year history of Roman civilization from the time of Aeneas to the year 9 B.C. in the style of his native north Italy region, and died at age 65 in Patavium? **LIVY**  
B1: What historian's principal work was the *Bellum Punicum*, written in Saturnian meter? **NAEVIUS**  
B2: What Roman historian wrote, among other things, a history of Germany? **TACITUS**
- TU # 3: **Quid Anglicē significat 'gignō'?** **BEAR, BEGET, GIVE BIRTH TO, BRING FORTH, CAUSE**  
B1: **Quid Anglicē significat 'pergō'?** **TO PROCEED, CONTINUE, GO ON**  
B2: **Quid Anglicē significat 'complector'?**  
**TO EMBRACE, ENFOLD, CLASP, ENCIRCLE, SURROUND, MASTER, COMPREHEND**
- TU # 4: When told to gather the wool of some wild sheep, she merely pulled clumps of it from nearby plants. When told to sort a large pile of numerous grains, she had ants help her. Who was this maiden who was being punished by Aphrodite? **PSYCHE**  
B1: What caused Psyche to fall into a deep sleep after this?  
**SHE OPENED A FLASK WITH UNDERWORLD WATER  
(OR PERSEPHONE'S BEAUTY) IN IT, THOUGH TOLD NOT TO**  
B2: What had Psyche done to deserve these punishments?  
**SHE HAD SNEAKED A FORBIDDEN PEEK AT HER ANONYMOUS HUSBAND (CUPID)  
AND HAD BURNED HIM WITH SOME OIL FROM HER LAMP**
- TU # 5: Say in Latin, "I am becoming a god." **DEUS/DĪVUS FIŌ**  
B1: Say in Latin, "They will become senators." **SENĀTŌRĒS FĪENT**  
B2: Say in Latin, "Those senators have become consuls."  
**ILLĪ SENĀTŌRĒS CŌNSULĒS FACTĪ SUNT**
- TU # 6: With whom did Rome, in 493 BC, sign the *Foedus Cassianum*? **THE LATINIS / LATIN LEAGUE**  
B1: Against whom did the Romans win a battle at Mt. Algidus around 460 BC? **AEQUI**  
B2: In 426 BC, the Roman general Cornelius Cossus killed the Veian king Tolumnius and took his breastplate as a prize. What Latin phrase describes this act of taking plunder from the body of a slain enemy king? **SPOLIA OPIMA**
- TU # 7: *Cistellaria, Casina, Pseudolus, Mostellaria, and Menaechmi* are titles of plays by whom? **PLAUTUS**  
B1: Why is the *Menaechmi* so titled?  
**MAIN CHARACTERS ARE TWINS, BOTH NAMED MENAECHMUS**  
B2: In his play *Curculio*, Plautus tells the story of a bragging soldier, Terapontigonus, who finds out he cannot marry the courtesan he has bought because she is not a slave after all. What else does he find out about the girl that makes him unable to marry her? **SHE IS HIS SISTER**

- TU # 8: What form of the verb **faciō, facere** is found in the following sentence: “**diū cogitābāmus quid esset optimum factū.**”? (ABLATIVE) SUPINE
- B1: Translate the following sentence: **equī ad flūmen vērunt aquam inventum.**  
THE HORSES CAME TO THE RIVER TO FIND WATER
- B2: Using a supine, say in Latin, “The name of this river is easy to say.”  
**NŌMEN HUIUS FLŪMINIS EST FACILE DICTŪ**
- TU # 9: What woman in mythology was said to have been the wife of either Phoenix, Epaphus, or Cepheus?  
CASSIOPEIA
- B1: Of what country was she the queen, if Cepheus was her husband?  
ETHIOPIA
- B2: What was the name of her daughter who was exposed to a sea-monster as a sacrifice?  
ANDROMEDA
- TU # 10: Which war began when Rome came to the aid of the Spanish city of Saguntum? SECOND PUNIC
- B1: Who was attacking the city? HANNIBAL
- B2: What Carthaginian politician had urged Carthage to make peace with Rome prior to this attack?  
HANNO
- TU # 11 Listen carefully to the following passage, which I will read twice. Then answer IN ENGLISH the question that follows:  
“**Marcus lēgātus surrēxit ut arma indueret. armīs indūtīs mīlitibusque convocātīs, ōrātiōnem habuit quā mīlitēs suōs hortābātur. “nōn dubium est,” inquit “quīn hodiē vincāmus!” ōrātiō autem Marcī tam brevis erat ut mīlitēs fortiōrēs facere nōn posset. ōrātiōne confectā, lēgātus proelium iniit in quō omnēs mīlitēs caesī sunt.**” (repeat)  
Question: After Marcus woke up, what two things did he do before he gave a speech?  
HE PUT ON HIS WEAPONS / PREPARED FOR BATTLE  
& HE CALLED TOGETHER THE SOLDIERS
- B1: What was wrong with Marcus’ speech to his soldiers?  
IT WAS SO SHORT THAT IT DIDN’T MAKE THE SOLDIERS MORE COURAGEOUS
- B2: What was the outcome of the battle?  
ALL THE SOLDIERS WERE KILLED (if “they lost” is given as an answer, prompt for more info)
- TU # 12: For the verb **nōlō, nolle**, give the 3rd person plural, imperfect subjunctive. NŌLLENT
- B1: Change **nōllent** to the present tense. NŌLINT
- B2: Change **nōlint** to the perfect tense. NŌLUERINT
- TU # 13: From what Latin verb with what meaning do we derive the English word ‘obligation’?  
(OB)LIGĀRE – TO TIE, BIND
- B1: According to its derivation, what is a ‘funambulist’? TIGHTROPE WALKER
- B2: What derivative of the Latin noun for ‘root’ is an English verb meaning ‘to destroy’?  
ERADICATE
- TU # 14: Which set of goddesses were called by a false name, “The Kind Ones”, in the hope that the goddesses would be flattered and not seek revenge on them? THE FURIES / ERINYES
- B1: What was this false Greek name? EUMENIDES
- B2: What event was said to have caused the birth or creation of the Furies?  
THE CASTRATION OF URANUS

- TU # 15: What author's main interest seemed to be comparing the events and famous persons of Roman civilization with other civilizations, as evidenced in his *Chronica* and *De Viris Illustribus*?  
 CORNELIUS NEPOS  
 B1: Who was Nepos' literary patron? (T. POMPONIUS) ATTICUS  
 B2: What later author of *Parallel Lives of the Greeks and Romans* was greatly influenced by Nepos?  
 PLUTARCH
- TU # 16: What is the Latin name for an after-dinner drinking party? **COMMISSATIŌ / COMPŌTATIŌ**  
 B1: What were the **corōnae cōvivālēs** at such a party?  
 CROWNS/WREATHS WORN BY THE GUESTS  
 B2: According to Horace, for what purpose were the so-called **lēgēs īnsānae** established at an after-dinner party?  
 TO SET THE RULES FOR DRINKING
- TU # 17: What form of a Latin verb has all of the following properties: It has three endings used in four cases. It is the neuter form of the future passive participle. It is used substantively. It has no nominative, though the infinitive is used in place of it? **GERUND**  
 B1: Using a gerund, say in Latin, "We learn by teaching." **DISCIMUS DOCENDŌ**  
 B2: Using a gerund, say in Latin, "He entered the bedroom in order to sleep."  
**CUBICULUM INTRĀVIT AD DORMIENDUM /  
 DORMIENDĪ CAUSĀ / GRĀTIĀ**
- TU # 18: Translate the following sentence into English: "**nisi senex ā liberīs dēfēnsus esset, latrōnēs eum occīdissent.**"  
 UNLESS / IF THE OLD MAN HAD NOT BEEN DEFENDED BY (HIS) CHILDREN,  
 THE ROBBERS WOULD HAVE KILLED HIM  
 B1: Translate the following sentence into English: "**senex, quī procul ā marī habitābat, artem nāvīgandī numquam didicerat.**"  
 THE OLD MAN, WHO LIVED FAR FROM THE SEA,  
 HAD NEVER LEARNED THE ART OF SAILING  
 B2: Translate the following sentence into English: "**exīstimāmus eōs, quī in arēnā pugnent, laude dignōs esse.**"  
 WE THINK THAT THOSE WHO FIGHT IN THE ARENA / SAND  
 ARE WORTHY OF PRAISE
- TU # 19: What author begins his collection of poems with the name of his girlfriend Cynthia? **PROPERTIUS**  
 B1: What contemporary of Propertius addressed his love elegies to a woman named Delia? **TIBULLUS**  
 B2: What later author addressed his love elegies to a woman named Corinna? **OVID**
- TU # 20: Which son of Theseus was rejected by Aphrodite and was later accused of rape by his stepmother?  
**HIPPOLYTUS**  
 B1: Who was his stepmother, whom he had rejected? **PHAEDRA**  
 B2: Whose help did Theseus obtain in order to have Hippolytus killed? **POSEIDON**