

2006 Texas State JCL Certamen
Intermediate Round 1

- TU # 1: What were the **cognōmina** of the two men who served together as Rome's first consuls?
BRUTUS AND COLLATINUS
B1: What were their **nōmina**?
IUNIUS AND TARQUINIUS
B2: In what year did they assume office?
509 BC
- TU # 2: What deity was also known by the name 'Psychopompus' in his role as a leader of souls to the Underworld?
HERMES / MERCURY
B1: After being brought to the Styx River by Hermes, who took the souls of the dead across the river?
CHARON
B2: What famous underworld resident would be the next one to 'greet' the souls of the dead?
CERBERUS
- TU # 3: **Quid Anglicē significat 'benignus'?** KIND, FRIENDLY, FORTUNATE, GENEROUS
B1: **Quid Anglicē significat 'invītus'?** UNWILLING, INVOLUNTARY, AGAINST ONE'S WILL
B2: **Quid Anglicē significat 'paucī'?** FEW, A FEW
- TU # 4: Which of the following verbs, if any, does not normally introduce an indirect statement: **imperāre, exīstimāre, dīcere, crēdere.** IMPERĀRE
B1: What type of dependent clause is found in the following sentence: '**puellae in viā tam celeriter currēbant ut puerī eās nōn conspicerent.**'? RESULT
B2: What type of dependent clause is found in this sentence: '**coquus servīs imperāvit ut vīnum in mēnsā pōnerent.**'? INDIRECT COMMAND
- TU # 5: What was the Latin name for the barrier that stood along the center of a chariot racing track?
SPĪNA
B1: What at the circus were the **carcerēs**? STARTING STALLS/GATES
B2: What at the circus were **bīgae**? TWO-HORSE CHARIOTS
- TU # 6: Thessander, Sthenelus, Odysseus, Acamas, Thoas, Neoptolemus, Machaon, Menelaus, and Epeus were said to have been hidden inside what famous deceptive device? TROJAN HORSE
B1: Which of these persons was said to have come up with the idea for the horse? ODYSSEUS
B2: Which of these persons was said to have built the horse? EPEUS
- TU # 7: Name the year in Roman history in which the following events occurred: Scipio Aemilianus sacked the city of Numantia; the kingdom of Pergamum was bequeathed to Rome; the tribune Tiberius Gracchus was killed. 133 BC
B1: In which modern country was Numantia located? SPAIN
B2: What king bequeathed Pergamum to Rome? ATTALUS III
- TU # 8: Translate the following sentence into English: "**mox domina nostra ad nōs reveniet.**"
SOON OUR MISTRESS WILL RETURN TO US
B1: Translate the following sentence into English: "**ille mercātor pecuniam tuam tibi numquam reddet.**"
THAT MERCHANT WILL NEVER RETURN / GIVE BACK YOUR MONEY TO YOU
B2: Translate the following sentence into English: "**dux vester vōs omnēs liberāre volet.**"
YOUR LEADER WILL WANT TO FREE ALL OF YOU

- TU # 9: Who lived on the island of Erythia, and had a dog named Orthus and some cattle that became the object of one of the labors of Heracles? GERYON
- B1: From which of his opponents in his labors did Heracles have to obtain a special belt or girdle? HIPPOLYTA, QUEEN OF THE AMAZONS
- B2: What did Heracles have to obtain from women called the Hesperides? GOLDEN APPLES
- TU # 10: Give the Latin and English for the abbreviation A.U.C.
**AB URBE CONDITĀ - FROM THE FOUNDING OF THE CITY /
ANNŌ URBIS CONDITAE - IN THE YEAR OF THE FOUNDING OF THE CITY**
- B1: . . . H.I.S. **HĪC IACET SEPULTUS - HERE LIES BURIED**
- B2: . . . s.i.d. **SEMEL IN DIĒ / ONCE A DAY**
- TU # 11: Listen carefully to the following passage, which I will read twice, and then answer IN LATIN the question that follows:
“Ōlim erant duo frātrēs, quōrum alter Marcus, alter Quīntus appellābātur. Marcus erat p̄m̄us quī ad scholam īvit. Post paucōs annōs Quīntus, cupiditāte sapientiae adductus, quoque ad scholam īvit. Quīntus tamen Marcum in scholā invenīre nōn poterat, quod Marcus cotīdiē ad flūmen properābat ut cum puerīs ignāvīs lūderet.” (repeat)
- Question: **Quandō Quīntus ad scholam īvit?** **POST PAUCŌS ANNŌS /
POST MARCUM**
- B1: **Cūr Quīntus ad scholam īre volēbat?**
**(QUOD / QUIA) CUPIDITĀTE SAPIENTIAE ADDUCTUS EST / ERAT /
CUPIDITĀTE SAPIENTIAE ADDŪCĒBĀTUR**
- B2: **Quoniam schola Marcō haudquāquam placēbat, quō Marcus cotīdiē ībat?** **AD FLŪMEN**
- TU # 12: What derivative of a Latin deponent verb meaning ‘to speak’ is an English noun for “a dialogue delivered by a performer to himself or to the audience”? SOLILOQUY
- B1: What derivative of a Latin verb meaning ‘to breathe’ is an English verb meaning ‘to occur’ or ‘to happen’? TRANSPIRE
- B2: What derivative of a Latin verb meaning ‘to stick, cling’ is an English adjective meaning ‘unable to be understood’? INCOHERENT
- TU # 13: What Roman politician insisted that Cicero’s name be included on the proscription list?
MARCUS ANTONIUS / MARK ANTONY
- B1: In what year was Cicero executed? 43 BC
- B2: What series of speeches against Antony had Cicero written? PHILIPPICS
- TU # 14: Say in Latin, “On the second day, let’s win.” **SECUNDŌ DIĒ, VINCĀMUS / SUPERĒMUS**
- B1: Say in Latin, “They will remain in Egypt for five days.”
IN AEGYPTŌ QUĪNQUE DIĒS (RE)MANĒBUNT
- B2: Using “necesse,” say in Latin, “It is necessary for us to teach our children Latin.”
NECESSE EST NŌBĪS NOSTRŌS LĪBERŌS LATĪNAM (LINGUAM) DOCĒRE
- TU # 15: Who am I? My mother-in-law was the first woman. I was the son of Prometheus. My wife and I were the survivors of the great flood. DEUCALION
- B1: Who was my wife? PYRRHA
- B2: For how many days and nights did we float in our ‘ark’ before the waters receded? NINE

- TU # 16: Give the genitive singular and gender of the Latin noun which means 'head'.
CAPITIS, N. or **VERTICIS, F.** or **DUCIS, M.**
- B1: Give the genitive singular and gender of the Latin noun which means 'grain'.
FRŪMENTI, N. or **GRANI, N.**
- B2: Give the genitive singular and gender of the Latin noun which means 'hand'.
MANŪS, F.
- TU # 17: Which of the following items would most likely be found in a Roman **arca**: **frūmentum**, **aurīga**, **palla**, **dēnāriī**, or **imāginēs**?
DĒNĀRIĪ
- B1: In what room of the house was the **arca** most often kept?
TABLĪNUM
- B2: What general purpose did rooms called **oeci** and **exedrae** serve?
 ENTERTAINING GUESTS
- TU # 18: Name a form of a deponent verb that has both an active form and an active translation?
 FUTURE ACTIVE PARTICIPLE / PRESENT (ACTIVE/PASSIVE) PARTICIPLE
- B1: Give the future active participle of the deponent verb **loquor**.
LOCŪTŪRUS
- B2: Change **locūtūrus** to the passive voice.
LOQUENDUS
- TU # 19: Who was the mother of Deiphobus, Troilus, Polyxena, Cassandra, Creusa, Hector, and Paris?
HECUBA
- B1: What dream did Hecuba have before she gave birth to Paris?
SHE GAVE BIRTH TO A FIREBRAND / TORCH or
A TORCH EMERGED FROM HER BOSOM
- B2: Which of the Greek leaders received Hecuba by lot as they were dividing the captured Trojan women after the war?
ODYSSEUS
- TU # 20: What derivative of the Latin verb meaning 'to pour' is an English medical term for "the process of replacing a person's blood"?
TRANSFUSION
- B1: What derivative of the Latin deponent verb meaning 'to step' is an English noun meaning 'a sin'?
TRANSGRESSION
- B2: What derivative of the Latin verb meaning 'to shine' is an English adjective meaning 'allowing light to pass through'?
TRANSLUCENT