TU # 1: Who in mythology was the father of Hygeia, the goddess of health?

ASCLEPIUS / AESCULAPIUS

B1: Who was the mother of Aesculapius?

CORONIS OR ARSINOE

B2: Who was the father of Aesculapius?

APOLLO

TU # 2: What queen was defeated at Emesa by Aurelian?

ZENOBIA

B1: What city had been her capital?

PALMYRA

B2: Who was her husband?

ODAENATHUS

TU # 3: In his rhetorical treatise entitled Brutus, Cicero places himself as the leader of a discussion about the history of rhetoric. Who are the other two persons engaged in this discussion?

M. BRUTUS AND (T. POMPONIUS) ATTICUS

B1: We have collections of letters that Cicero wrote to each of these men. We have a third collection of letters, written by Cicero to whom?

HIS BROTHER QUINTUS

B2: In which important year in Cicero’s life do we have NO extant letters written to any of these three men?

63 BC (THE YEAR OF HIS CONSULSHIP)

TU # 4: Translate the following phrase into English: monstrum foedum visu

A MONSTER WRETCHED / HORRIBLE TO SEE

Using a supine, say in Latin, “IT IS MOST DIFFICULT TO DO”.

(ID) EST DIFFICILLIMUM FACTU

Using a gerund, say in Latin, “IT IS DIFFICULT TO DO”.

(ID) EST DIFFICILE AD FACIENDUM / AGENDUM

TU # 5: Who delivered a letter to King Iobates, unaware that the letter asked Iobates to put him to death?

BELLEROPHON

B1: What daughter of Iobates had tried to seduce Bellerophon but then lied and said he had tried to seduce her?

STHENEOBEA / ANTEIA

B2: What method did Iobates devise for bringing about the death of Bellerophon?

ASKED HIM TO KILL THE CHIMAERA

TU # 6: What two uses of the ablative case are found in the following line from Horace: “Quid rīdēs? Mūtātō nōmine, dē tē fābula narrātur.”

ABLATIVE ABSOLUE & ABLATIVE WITH PREPOSITION

Translate that line.

WHY ARE YOU LAUGHING? WITH THE NAME CHANGED, THE STORY IS ABOUT YOU!

Translate this line from Horace: “Parturient montēs, nascētur rīdīculus mūs.”

THE MOUNTAINS WILL GIVE BIRTH, A RIDICULOUS MOUSE WILL BE BORN
TU # 7: **Quid Anglicë significat “vēnäri”?”**
TO HUNT

**B1:** **Quid Anglicë significat “verēri”?”**
TO FEAR, BE AFRAID, REVERE, HAVE RESPECT

**B2:** **Quid Anglicë significat “vescī”?”**
TO FEED UPON, GRAZE, EAT

TU # 8: For what purpose would Romans have used items called *cyathus* or *crater* or *poculum*?
SERVING/DRINKING WINE

**B1:** For what purpose would Romans have used items called *lōrum* or *scutica* or *flagrum*?
TO BEAT/WHIP SLAVES

**B2:** For what purpose would Romans have used items called *linum* and *cēra* and *signum*?
SEALING A LETTER

TU # 9: Although first interested in writing about philosophy, at the age of thirty he began to write a great historical work which was later published in 142 books. He died in his native city of Patavium in AD 17. Who was he?
Livy

**B1:** What future emperor did Livy tutor in history?
CLAUDIUS

**B2:** From Tacitus we know that Livy praised what prominent political figure of the first century BC, causing Augustus to remark jokingly that Livy was one of his followers?
POMPEY

TU # 10: Whom did the daughters of Cecrops see when they looked inside a box that they were told not to open?
ERICHTHONIUS

**B1:** Who had put Erichthonius in the box?
ATHENA

**B2:** Who had given Erichthonius to Athena?
GAIA / GE

TU # 11: With what Latin case would you associate all the following verbs: *potior, meminī, oblīvīscor*?
GENITIVE - (*potior* takes the genitive case in the phrase “*potīrī rērum*”)

**B1:** Say in Latin, “The soldiers were accusing Marcus of theft.”
MĪLTĪS MARCUM FURTĪ / PECULĀTŪS DAMNĀBANT / ACCŪSĀBANT

**B2:** Translate into English: *Mē miseret idiōtae.*
I PITY THE FOO

TU # 12: What son of Claudius and Messalina was born in the year 41 and died in the year 55?
(TIBERIUS CLAUDIUS) BRITANNICUS (CAESAR)

**B1:** What cognomen did he originally have, before Claudius’ invasion of Britain?
GERMANICUS

**B2:** Which two people were responsible for the death of Britannicus?
AGRIPPINA (YOUNGER) AND NERO

TU # 13: In what setting does Aeneas speak with his old comrades Palinurus and Deiphobus?
HE SEES THEM IN THE UNDERWORLD

**B1:** What does Palinurus ask Aeneas to do?
FIND HIS BODY AND BURY IT, OR ELSE TAKE HIM ACROSS THE STYX

**B2:** What is the Sibyl’s reply to Palinurus which brings him comfort?
THE LAND WHERE HE WAS KILLED WILL BE NAMED FOR HIM
TU # 14: Listen carefully to the following passage, which I will read twice, and answer in Latin the question that follows: “Senātor in Curiam ad cōnsēnsiōnem de suā lēge petendam ingressus est. Ibi trēs cōnsūlēs vehementer inter sē colloquēbantur. Itaque senātor existimāvit tempus nōn esse optimum petere.” (repeat)
Quaestio: Cur senator in Curiam ingressus est?
AD CONSENSIONEM PETENDAM (DE SUA LEGE)
B1: Answer in English: What were the consuls doing?
ARGUING / TALKING STRONGLY AMONG THEMSELVES
B2: Answer in English: Cur senātor cōnsēnsiōnem non petivit?
HE THOUGHT THE TIME WAS NOT THE BEST FOR SEEKING

TU # 15: What woman in mythology unfortunately did not know that the Greek word ‘aura’ meant ‘breeze’?
PROCRIS
B1: What did she think ‘aura’ was?
THE NAME OF HER HUSBAND CEPHALUS’ GIRLFRIEND
B2: How did Procris die?
CEPHALUS SHOT HER, THINKING SHE WAS AN ANIMAL, WHILE SHE WAS IN THE WOODS SPYING ON HIM

TU # 16: Give the third person singular, perfect subjunctive for the verb from which we derive the English noun oblivion.

OBLĪTUS / -A/-UM SIT
Change oblitus sit to the imperfect tense.

OBLĪVĪSCELERĒTUR
Change oblīvīscerētur to the present tense.

TU # 17: What is the meaning of the Latin idiom sub corona vendere?
TO SELL INTO SLAVERY
What is the meaning of the Latin idiom certiorem facere?
TO INFORM
What is the meaning of the Latin idiom est mihi tanti?
IT IS WORTH MY WHILE

TU # 18: Name one of the two Italian cities whose harbors served as a base for the Roman fleet.
MISENUM or RAVENNA (DO NOT READ THE OTHER ONE – SEE FIRST BONUS)
B1: Name the other.
B2: Who was the fleet commander at Misenum during the reign of the emperor Vespasian?
PLINY THE ELDER

TU # 19: Which of the following English words does not belong based on its Latin root:
Latent, translate, relate, correlate?
LATENT
B1: From what Latin word with what meaning is "latent" derived?
LATEO – LIE HIDDEN
B2: Which of the following English words does not belong based on its Latin root:
courage, cursory, cursive, course, current?
COURAGE
TU # 20: What were the two main characteristics of a Roman play called a ‘fabula praetexta’?
TRAGEDY / IN A ROMAN SETTING

B1: What were the two main characteristics of a Roman play called a ‘fabula palliata’?
COMEDY / IN A GREEK SETTING

B2: What were the two main characteristics of a Roman play called a ‘fabula togata’?
COMEDY / IN A ROMAN SETTING